THE NEW NORT

VOLUME 18, NO. 44. RHINELANDER WISCONSIN, THURSDAY, DEC. 20, 1900.

Everything for men to wear.

Everything for women to wear.

Everything for boys and girls to wear.

CLOTHING and OVERCOATS

Caps and Hats, Gloves and Mittens, Shoes and Overshoes, Underwear (Staley's) the best made, Tailored Suits, Jackets and Collarettes, Capes, Shoes, Slippers and all kinds of Overshoes.

No lack of good new Goods for everybody at our place.

Suits and Overcoats.

A few left at one half price.

Women's Jackets.

At two-thirds price and everything else cheap.

SPAFFORD & COLE.

CITY CLERK AND POLICE ELECTED BY CITY DADS

W. H. TRUMBULL, OF THE VINDICATOR, TO SUCCEED MR. CARR.

Choice Made on the Twenty-Fourth Ballot—Eleven Applicants for the Clerkship—D. T. Matteson Appointed Policeman No. 1 in Place of Chas. Asmundsen—A Tribute to Retiring Clerk.

The regular December meeting of the city fathers was held at the council chambers last Tuesday evening, ten of the aldermen being present. The most important matters to occupy the attention of the members was the election of a city clerk to succeed W. W. Carr, who tendered his resignation and the appointment of a policeman to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Chas. Asmundsen. City Clerk Carr's resignation was as follows:

To the Mayor and Common Council of the city of Rhinelander.

Gentlemen:—

Having been elected to the office of county clerk at the recent election, I deem it my duty to resign the office of city clerk, to take effect January 7, 1901. In doing so, permit me to say that I fully appreciate the uniform kindness and liberality shown me by the mayor and members of the council during all the years I have had the honor of serving as city clerk, and I desire to express my heartfelt thanks for your kindness and confidence, and my sincere wish for your happiness and prosperity officially and personally.

Very respectfully,
W. W. CARR.

There were eleven applicants for the clerkship and the task selecting a successor to Mr. Carr was a difficult one. Twenty-four ballots were taken resulting in the election of W. H. Trumbull, editor of the Vindicator. The selection gives general satisfaction. Mr. Trumbull is a competent young man and will make an excellent clerk. We join with his friends in extending hearty congratulations.

The members of the council paid Mr. Carr a handsome tribute by the adoption of the following resolutions which were introduced by Alderman Anderle:

WHEREAS, our present clerk, W. W. Carr has tendered to the mayor and common council his resignation of the office of city clerk of the city of Rhinelander, to take effect on the 7th day of January, 1901.

Therefore be it resolved by the common council of the city of Rhinelander, that the resignation of Mr. Carr be and the same is hereby accepted.

RESOLVED FURTHER, that while accepting the resignation of Mr. Carr, we congratulate him upon his promotion by the people of Oneida county at the last election to the responsible office of county clerk of Oneida county. Our only regret being that the result of his good fortune has deprived the city of the services of a valuable and efficient officer.

Chas. Asmundsen tendered his resignation as policeman No. 1, to take effect on the 7th day of January, 1901. D. T. Matteson was chosen to fill the vacancy. Mr. Matteson is a very deserving gentleman and his selection gives general satisfaction. He will make an excellent officer.

An application was received from Peter Peterson for a transfer of his saloon license from his present location to the American House. The request was granted.

The usual batch of bills were allowed.

PAGE CONCERT WAS GOOD.

First Attraction in Entertainment Course Was a Marked Success.

The opening attraction of the entertainment course was the appearance of the Eugene Page Concert company at the Grand opera house last Thursday evening. It was excellent, what there was of it, but it was too short, the members of the company refusing to respond to the many hearty encores that were accorded them by the appreciative audience. With one exception, every number on the program was enthusiastically encored and with one or two exceptions there was narry a response. The entertainment only lasted an hour, making it very short indeed, the members of the audience departing with a feeling that they had not received their money's worth, while the program rendered was excellent, the especially meritorious features were the harp solos by Della Crysdale, the artistic execution upon the violincello by Miss Emma Mc Donald and the quartette work, consisting of two zithers, violincello and piano. If the first entertainment is any criterion, the course is bound to be a financial success and net the ladies of the Congregational church a handsome sum.

Adam Shelor was arrested on the 11th inst. on the charge of stealing a Brown-Robbins time check, valued at $41. He was taken before Municipal Judge Paul Browne for examination. The case was dismissed on the ground that the offense in the complaint could not be proven. The fellow was rearrested on the charge of stealing $29. He was given a preliminary examination. Evidence enough was introduced to continue the examination. The case will be heard this afternoon at 2 o'clock.

DIES FROM INJURIES A A RESULT OF EXPOSU

JOSEPH LAMBERT OF THE WEST THE UNFORTUNATE ONE.

Passed Away at St. Mary's Hospital Monday Morning, Shortly Before Op tion Was to Have Been Performed— Fellow's Limbs Frozen—A Widow Leaving Three Children,

Joseph Lambert, a widower, fo eight years of age, residing on west side, died last Monday morn at 6 o'clock at St. Mary's hospital fr the result of injuries brought on exposure a week ago last Sunda

Lambert attended early mass the morning of the day mentior On his way home he wandered i the Stevens Lumber yard, where laid down, remaining there till ab 2 o'clock in the afternoon, when recovered sufficiently from his stu to continue his journey home, was found that his hands had b frozen and his body thoroug chilled.

Last Sunday morning Lamb was removed to the hospital, wh Drs. Packard & Daniels, his attending physicians, were to have operated upon him Monday forenoon, but death claimed the victim as previously stated and ended his sufferings, which were intense.

The deceased has been a resident of this city for five years, coming from Oconto, where he has a sister residing, who was informed of the death of her brother the same morning he passed away. The funeral was held yesterday morning at 10 o'clock. The last sad rites were said by Rev. P. Schmitz, pastor of the Catholic church. Interment was in the Catholic cemetery.

The deceased leaves three children, the eldest of whom is a son nineteen years of age.

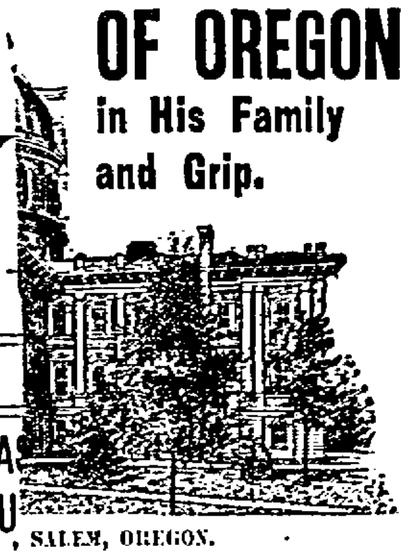
Election of Officers.

John A. Logan Post, No. 232, Department of Wisconsin G. A. R., elected at the last meeting the following officers for the ensuing year:

Commander—Isaac Tuttle.
Sr. Vice Commander—J. P. Campbell.
Jr. Vice Commander—Charles De-Canter.
Chaplain—T. G. McLaughlin.
Sergeant—David Kirk.
Officer of the Day—L. M. Bennett.
Quartermaster—Richard Reed.
Officer of the Guard—A. Kincaid.

At the annual meeting of the Ladies Aid society of the Congregational church held last week, the following

OF OREGON in His Family and Grip.



, SALEM, OREGON.

utive Office of Oregon.

To prevent colds, to cure colds, is to cheat catarrh out of its victims. Pe-ru-na not only cures catarrh, but prevents. Every house-old should be supplied with this great rem- ly for coughs, colds, and so forth.

It will be noticed that the Governor says e has not had occasion to use Pe-ru-na for ther ailments. The reason for this is, most ther ailments begin with a cold. Using Pe-ru-na to promptly cure colds, he protects is family against other ailments. This is xactly what every other family in the nited States should do. Keep Pe-ru-na in he house. Use it for coughs, colds, la grippe, and other climatic affections of winter, and there will be no other ailments in he house. Such families should provide hemselves with a copy of Dr. Hartman's ree book, entitled "Winter Catarrh." Ad- ress Dr. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio.

CLOVERLAND!

Cheap Farm Lands!

following officers for the ensuing year:

Grand Orient—Fred. Pickard.
Grand Vice Orient—Howard Reed.
Past Grand Orient—Geo. Miller.
Grand Prophet—Alex. Cobban.
Grand Herald—Geo. Counter.
Grand Secretary—Chas. Wilson.
Grand Treasurer—Carl Krueger.
Grand Wardsman—"Skinny" Densmore.
Grand Vidette—John O'Hara.

At the meeting of Lake Camp No. 1749, M. W. of A., held last week, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

Venerable Consul—E. A. Chapman.
Worthy Advisor—Wm. Broulette.
Clerk—H. E. Green.
Banker—John Greenwood.
Guard—M. M. McDermott.
Sentinel—Albert Krueger.
Manager—Frank Richter.

The Weekly Wisconsin Offer.

All who pay their subscription to The New North before the first of January can, if they so desire, secure this paper and the Weekly Wisconsin one year for $1.50, the regular price of The New North alone. This offer will expire on the date mentioned, so you had better call and settle before that time if you wish both papers at this price. Remember your payment on The New North must be for a year in advance in order to take advantage of this combination offer.

Truth Will Prevail....

Exaggeration is the sin of the age, and the most guilty of sinners are those whose advertisements mislead the public. If all they write were true, there would be no second-class merchandise. It is not difficult, however, to distinguish between true and false, between good and bad, and to know whom to believe and where to buy.

NECKTIES

SHIRTS?

Yes, sir. We have them, and all kinds of them. Dress, Semi-Dress and Negligee. Large and attractive line of Fancy Shirts. Percales—detached and attached collar and cuffs. White bodies and fancy bosoms. A variety of fabrics foreign and domestic. Novel patterns and colorings.

NECKWEAR.

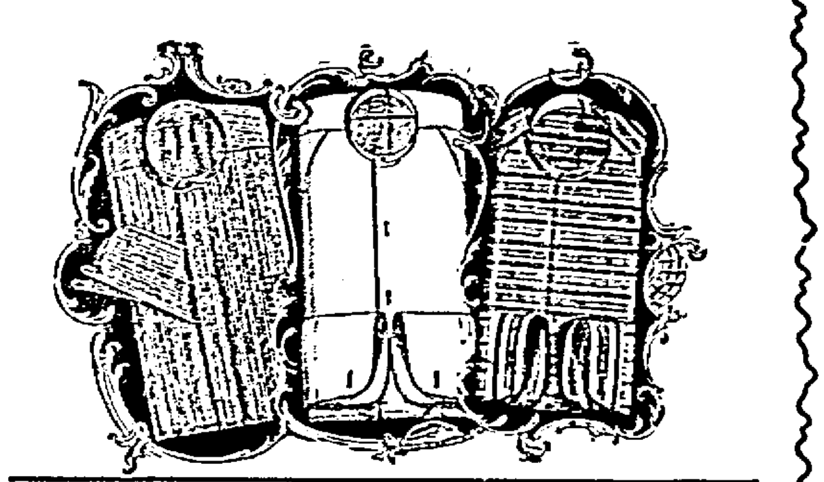
More exquisite colorings, styles and shadings prevail in the ties and bows "just out," and we have just put our handsome assortment in shape. You will certainly find here what you ought to wear, and amid the rare profusion presented your view for selection will give you a perfect idea of what real style and practical merit in model neckwear means. It means everything and "the latest thing out" at this establishment.

THE HUB STORE,

EVENSON & SEIBEL, Prop's. Rhinelander.

A BIG DROP

In prices will scare any thinking man. When you see a clothier offering for $10 suits that used to be $20, tie a chain to your money when you pass his door. You might be tempted to buy and you'd regret it. We sell honest goods, and as they cost average prices we get average prices for them, and you get your money's worth.



ONE TELLS ANOTHER....

And we witness every day the power of that influence. You never read an advertisement of Poor Clothes. Strange, too, for there's more poor than good. Each advertiser represents his own as being better and cheaper than others. Not so here. Ours is as good as our best energies, ability, knowledge, experience, carefulness and watchfulness can get. It may not be so good, it may be better than others. Only one way for you to know—Come and see. One thing sure, business is growing here. Yesterday's best is today's starting point. Good storekeeping means progress. We are te years ahead of our imitators. They can't reach us. You'd do well to keep track of what is going on here.

What a Man or Boy needs we offer here.

PROSPECTS FOR 1901 EXCEPTIONALLY BRIGHT

ESPECIALLY IS THIS TRUE OF THIS CITY AND ONEIDA COUNTY.

Great Activity of Railways in the Wisconsin Valley Means More Than is Apparent on the Surface—Expected That the Proposed Electric Railway Will Be Built—Many Fields for Speculation.

As the old year draws nearer its close the prospects for 1901 continue to brighten. Especially is this true of Rhinelander and Oneida county and from a state of prosperity we promise to go forward by leaps and bounds. No longer does anyone doubt but that the great activity displayed by the various railroad companies means more than is apparent on the surface and few would be surprised if before the end of 1901 the Wisconsin valley is traversed by a line of electric railway from Eagle River to Grand Rapids. We look for some great developments during the coming year in the valley and Rhinelander will most assuredly hold her own with the other towns and reap her share in the harvest of good things that are surely coming. New industries will be added to take advantage of the wasted waters of the "Old Wisconse." Every lumbering plant will be in operation next summer and new ones will enter the field and if appearances are not deceptive this industry will eclipse any previous year for activity, even that of ten years ago.

Then there are many new fields for speculation and active work being opened up. There are the farming and dairy interests, which are now but in their infancy and offer inducements for the settlement of thousands upon thousands on our vast area of rich and undeveloped lands. Stock

MOTHER'S CHRISTMAS

"IT WAS very silly of me to faint," Mrs. Merrie said, tremulously, "and quite as silly for you all to send for a doctor! I never did such a thing in my life before! It just seemed like everything went, all on a sudden! I hain't been rale strong, some way, for a long time."

"No," Dr. Temple answered, quietly. "But it don't do to give up! What with the fruit season and harvestin', thrashin' and the like, there's a sight to do. I don't see why I have this give down now—just at Christmas! It's too bad!"

"And may be worse," the physician replied, his keen glance resting on the sewing machine piled high with unfinished work. "Mrs. Merrie, if your friend over there fell to squeaking, grinding and snapping thread, should you go on working at full speed?"

"Why, that wouldn't be very smart in me, sir, to wear it out! I should stop and oil!"

"Thou sayst the thing I mean! Your old worn-out body bids you beware. I'm not going to give you any medicine. You need rest—absolute rest. I advise you to accept the good cheer of the season; leave home, and take a vacation."

Four solemn young faces turned blankly to the stern one of the man of science. Mother leave home! Jack and Joe, Jim and Jerry (diminutives of Jacqueline, Josephine, Jemima and Jerusha, the "Merry Jays") grasped the situation at once, and realized its hopelessness. It is all very well for a rich man to prescribe rest and change, but another matter to follow his advice when the purse is flabby and family cares crying with a voice which will not be comforted. A piteous little smile drew down the corners of Mrs. Merrie's mouth.

"Oh, fix me out a little quinine, doctor, or calomel! You know I can't leave home! Christmas is here, and the poor children have been slaving away at their books and must have their good time. I'm all right."

Dr. Temple snapped the straps of his case and arose. "When you collapse again," he said, coldly, "you had better call another doctor—one who will give calomel."

Jerry, youngest of the Jays, had been standing remorsefully by her mother's chair. "I know what Dr. Temple thinks," she said, valiantly. "He thinks if you cannot rest—with grown-up daughters—your case is hopeless, and he gives it up. You can follow the advice; she shall have her vacation, sir!"

"Spoken like a man!" the doctor answered, heartily. (Jerry wore her hair cut close, and walked and talked with a slight swagger.) "Take care of her; mothers are not a drug in the market. I will go now—good day, friends! I hope to see roses on those cheeks before spring comes."

"What a very absurd man!" the mother exclaimed, dropping weakly back against the pillow. "Why did you send for him, girls?"

"Because," Jerry answered, rising to the height of self-accusation, "because we needed some one to tell us how selfish we are! In school, every one of us—not a soul to give you a hand's turn. And in vacation—oh," with a remorseful groan—"last vacation I made crazy quilts!"

"And very pretty they were, too, I'm sure. What's the matter with you all? I ain't complainin'!"

"Of course not. But we're guilty all the same. She shall have her vacation—what do you say, girls?"

"Christmas or no Christmas!" was the verdict.

"Last summer," Jim remarked, gravely, "I went off to Cousin Vic's, and kept my hands white. It's ma's turn now."

"But ma ain't agoin' to your Cousin Vic's," Mrs. Merrie announced, resolutely. "Ma's agoin' to stay right here. I see me a-askin' your poor pa for money!"

The word "money" brought a frown to four faces. "Well, we'll get supper and talk it over," Joe said, soberly. "You lie still and rest."

"Ma" was nothing loath. It was very pleasant lying there in the twilight, watching the shadows clasp hands and dance along the rafters. Even the odor of camphor, suggestive of illness, did not trouble her. The room grew very quiet. She was a little girl again, out in her father's boat hunting pond lilies, when Jim patted her hand.

"Here's your toast and tea, mother," she said, shaking her a little. "Take it now while it's hot. We've talked it all over with pa, and have decided about your vacation. You are to have one. We will take you off to-morrow." Luxurious idleness prevented argument.

"Well," she said, fumbling with the cup. "How white the lilies are! Well—yes."

Mrs. Merr[illegible]nd herself helpless in the hand[illegible]sband and children. They would not let her prepare the morning meal, and it was a novel sensation to lie and listen to the cheerful sounds from the kitchen. Joe sang as she bustled about, and came in presently, an open valise in her hand.

"I'm packing your things, mother," she announced. "It's just awful to discover how few things you have to pack! Why didn't you remind us you need clothes sometimes? But Jim and I are cast in your mold; we've hunted you out some of our things. I'm going to give you my red merino wrapper to lounge in."

"Land sakes! I think you-all's gone stark starin' mad!" Mrs. Merrie protested petulantly. "You can't send me off against my will, I reckon! And where is there to go to—and money to pay for a trip, anyhow?"

BEFORE HER COZY FIRE.

Joe nodded brightly. "Never you mind, Mrs. Merrie; this is our little affair. We've arranged for the nicest boarding-place, where you can enjoy the first quiet Christmas of your married life. As to the money—well, your board is paid. Pa says you may stay as long as you want to."

"I reckon you-all will have your own way," the mother grumbled. "The money must come out of poor Jack's hard earnings, or your pa make a sacrifice. You might tell me where I'm going, anyhow! And I wonder if your royal highness and his majesty, Dr. Temple, and his grace, John Merrie, will let me take my knittin' along? 'Cause if you-all don't I sha'n't know what to do with my hands in your fine company."

Joe smiled as she tucked Jesse's half-finished sock into the grip. "Oh, yes! you can take it. There won't be company, though; we want you to rest."

"And whatever is to become of the work—and the sewing—and my blessed baby—"

"Jess is no baby—a great six-year-old boy! It's a pity, ma, if we can't take care of things! This is your medicine, and you shall take it, if we have to hold your nose! There, now; I want to get you ready. Pa is bringing up the cart."

Mrs. Merrie submitted herself in resigned silence. There was a taint of affectation in her resistance, for under all was a lurking sense of pleasure. Well, why not accept the rest and change? There come times in our lives when it is profitable to hide from our dearest.

Joe's soft touches on her head smoothed out the worry-wrinkles from a prematurely aged brow. By the time Mr. Merrie came in she could answer the twinkle in his eye. He was a good-humored giant, who, in sublime unconsciousness and with the best intentions in the world, had trodden on her heart for 20 years.

"Come on, old lady!" he said, shrugging into his overcoat. "We'll be rid of you and yer faintin' spells in a jiffy! Wrap her up warm, girls; it ain't none too pleasant abroad. Not that mother's one o' yer deliky carry-me-easy kind! Here's her thing-um-bob. Now git through the kissin'."

There were no tears, save those Mrs. Merrie softly let fall in weak self-pity. Was it really so easy to let her go? She looked back wistfully as she was driven off at a rattling pace, and saw the old house dissolve into the general gray. Nature had turned Quaker this day, and gray was the only color she wore. The fog hung low, dropping tears. Not a pleasant day, yet a sense of exhilaration came to her. It was a novel sensation to be driving thus, without so much as a chicken or a basket of eggs as an excuse. There was almost the spice of wickedness to make her ride memorable.

"There's old Markle's mill," John observed, checking the horse. "Old Markle he don't keep her up like he used to. She's a-gittin' crazy lookin', the old mill is. If that was my place—"

He rambled on cheerfully. Mrs. Merrie scarcely heard. The dim landscape was like a picture seen in childhood—soft-shrouded, unreal, yet delicately beautiful. She drew a short, sharp breath. "Why do we live so hard?" she faltered. "Look out! God has crowded His world with pleasant things!"

"Well, I dunno!" he answered. "Git 'long, Poke-easy! D'ye reckon we're in such a rush to git we can't stop, and run on past?"

The ride was a long one. "We're goin' to meet Christmas," John remarked, with a wink. "If she don't hump herself we'll be at headquarters afore she gits started!" But by and by visions of dinner and a fireside appealed to him coaxingly, and he decided Christmas might find its way unattended. He put the horse into a trot, and after awhile the road grew familiar. Mrs. Merrie held her peace till they were fairly in the lane leading home.

"Have you forgotten anything?" she asked, dryly, suspecting a practical joke, and ready to resent it. John helped her down carefully and set her grip on the horse-block. "Not a bit of it!" he answered, heartily. "I started with the best little woman in the world, and have fetched back ever' bit of her! Here's yer boardin' house, missus, board paid in advance!"

The noise of their arrival brought four rosy young faces to the door. Jack (the oldest Jay) ran laughing to the gate, and kissed her mother on the cheek. "Our new boarder!" she said, taking the valise. "Come right in! I hope you will like us, and enjoy your vacation. These are my sisters, Josephine, Jemima and Jerusha. I'm Jack! Come in here and lay off your wraps. This is ma's room—when she's home. Over there is your sitting-room. Are you much tired or cold?"

Mrs. Merrie was a Jay herself, as capable of enjoying a bit of delicate humor as the rest of them. So this was the solving of the problem, the vacation which was to cost nothing! She turned away her face after the first laugh, that they might not witness the passing of the swift storm which shocked through the gentle habit of patience.

"No, I am neither cold nor tired," she said, after that pause. "I am sure I shall like my boarding house if you think—if you truly believe—my board is paid—"

"In advance," four voices chorused. "You have been saving up and paying for 20 years!" Jack whispered, tenderly, looking into her eyes. "Oh, we feel—we understand—what you have always been to us!"

Here Jerry pushed determinedly to the front. "I am to attend you, ma'am," she said. "Your board bill includes service. If the young ladies and the big male-Jay will please to clear out I'll take off your damp clothes and make you comfortable."

The red wrapper came into play, likewise Joe's dainty beribboned knit slippers. The new boarder sank luxuriously into the big rocker (commonly occupied by one of the girls) and stretched her feet to the warmth. Opposite her hung a mirror, and from time to time she glanced wonderingly at the face reflected there. It was not, after all, the face of an old woman, although it had exchanged the crude pink of youth for the indefinable delicacy of maturity. The eyes met hers, full of light, and about the mouth were those wistful lines which tell of dreams not yet relinquished.

From one new thought to another. She realized all at once that the room had been prepared for her reception. There were the "company shams" on the bed, Jim's geraniums in the window, little loving touches everywhere. Sitting there so quietly she grew conscious of Jesse's black eye applied to the crack of the door, and further survey revealed his little butterfly kite hung up for her delight. The lump in her throat had climbed so high she hadn't voice left to thank Joe for the cup of coffee which was to "drive out the cold."

Dinner was substantially a failure, artistically a success. The big male-Jay made a wry mouth over the sallow bread and soggy potatoes, but his mate had no criticism to offer. To her it was a glorified feast, for she ate and drank the fruits of her labor—her children's love, poured back into the emptied measure of her life.

Back before her cozy fire (which Jerry religiously kept burning) she accepted the blessedness of rest. Dreams overtook her—.

"Climbed over the window sill," escaping into the fair, lost land of childhood. Through the whole afternoon she slept, and the little house hushed itself as though life or death were at issue. Even Jesse never once hallooed, or stamped his boots, or whistled, for which unprecedented good behavior Jack gave him a penny, and drew a long chalk mark on the smoke-house door.

Early next morning tantalizing little odors began to sneak into the apartments of the new boarder. Now she was sure it was turkey, now it seemed to be mince pie and hot cake. Then she remembered it was Christmas eve, and rolled up her knitting decisively.

"The dear girls!" she thought. "They'll burn up and spoil everything they undertake! They'll not be sorry to have mammy back in the kitchen!"

But she had reckoned without her host. The door between her and the kitchen was locked, and when she attempted the dining-room entry Jack stopped her decidedly at the threshold. "I beg your pardon," she said, with polite severity. "You rented the parlor and bedroom only, I think. Indeed we don't mean any incivility, but we just can't have our boarders cluttering up the kitchen on busy days, and will take it as a favor if you'll go back to your own quarters and get ready for a little outing. You haven't seen your old crony, Mary Ann Griggs, since she moved away, have you? Jerry wants to drive you down there in the cart to spend the day."

Mrs. Merrie's eyes lighted with pleasure. "Well, really," she admitted, "if you won't let me help you-all I should like to see Mary Ann—powerful well! I really should enjoy to go!"

Jerry brought her back in the early twilight and hustled her off to bed, and again sleep brought its healing.

Christmas morning came in with soft unsandaled feet. All the earth was wrapped in the whiteness of snow. The Christ-child was born anew, and the great Mother, tenderly, in the hours of darkness, had spread her softest coverlet about His feet.

Four bright-eyed faces, with Jesse below and the big male-Jay above, peeped in, and the simultaneous shout of "Christmas Gift!" brought Mrs. Merrie up from among her blankets. "Well, I never!" she ejaculated. "I reckon this is the first Christmas you-all ever caught ma a-nappin'! I ain't got no Christmas for you neither—think of that!"

"Never mind," Jesse soothed. "We've got"—but Joe had him by the shoulders, and shook his mouth shut. There would have been instant war then, but—well, Jesse knew what he knew, and the balance of power remained unmistakably with the girls.

The dining-room door remained obstinately locked all day. Breakfast was eaten in the snug little kitchen, dinner served in state in the parlor. There were no guests at all save old Granny Woods, a half blind pauper, who always presented herself on recognized holidays, and was served with the best.

During the progress of the meal the tempting, secretive odors unveiled themselves. King Gobbler had yielded to the inevitable, and, more lovely in death than in life, adorned the center of a generous feast. "A reg'lar blow-out," as Jesse expressed it, and there were no failures this time. The energy and talent of the whole family of Jays (minus its head) went to the making of a success so brilliant as to mark an epoch. "Just see what you-all can do!" Mrs. Merrie said over and over, her eyes bright with pride. "Why, I can't hold a candle to such cookin' as this!"

But the day was to to crown itself with greener laurels. Each year since their infancy she had planned surprises for them; now had come the hour to reverse the story. When the lamps were lit they took her into the dining-room, where a handsome tree gleamed with light and color. The fact that there were more candles, tinsel paper and popcorn balls than presents did not detract from its beauty. Behind it on the wall was the legend: "Mother's Christmas," wrought in evergreen. Mother sat down in the big new rocker, cushioned with one of Jerry's conscience-stricken crazy quilts, and yielded to tears.

"Mother," Jack said, tenderly, kneeling beside her, "our selfishness was unintentional; we didn't know we were driving you to death! In our hurry to get an education we—forgot. You know my poor little pay as country school-teacher barely dresses us, but I can see my way plain to hire help for you while we are at school. You believe we love you, don't you, mother?"

"Yes," she answered, huskily. "Yes, yes! Whoever doubted it? And I—oh, what does anything matter, so we love each other?"

So this sweet Christmas passed into memory, and shone there, a rainbow promise that the flood should no more engulf one mother's soul.—M. Howard Sheppard, in Ladies' World, New York.

A Suggestion.

Just to round out your full complement of Christmas happiness, contribute a bit of Christmas for the poor.—St. Louis Republic.

TOUR OF ALL MEXICO

in Pullman's finest Compartment Drawing Room, Library, Observation and Dining Cars—all Vestibuled—with the celebrated Open Top Car "Chililitli" for Observation in the Mountains and Canons and Dining Car in the Tropics.

A delightful trip of 38 days with Three Circle Tours in the Tropics of the South of Mexico and a Visit to the Ruined Cities.

All exclusive features of these itineraries of leisurely travel and long stops—The Special Train starts Tuesday, January 22, from Chicago.

Tour of Puerto Rico.

Special Pullman Cars leave Chicago Thursday, January 17, and Thursday, February 14, at 9.30 a. m., connecting with the splendid new steamships Ponce and San Juan sailing from New York the second day following. Individual Tickets sold for other sailing dates, alternate Saturdays.

Tickets Include All Expenses Everywhere.

These select limited parties will be under the special escort and management of The American Tourist Association, Reau Campbell, General Manager, 1123 Marquette Building, Chicago.

Itineraries, Maps and Tickets can be had on application to Agents of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul R'y.

He Feared to Presume.

The American tourist is so firmly convinced that he is being cheated on all hands during his European travels that he occasionally oversteps the bounds of prudence.

"What is the price of this pin?" asked a young man in a Paris shop, handling a small silver brooch of exquisite workmanship.

"Twenty francs, monsieur," said the clerk.

"That's altogether too much," said the young American. "It's for a present to my sister; I'll give you five francs for it."

"Zen it would be I zat gave ze present to your sister," said the Frenchman, with a deprecatory shrug, "and I do not know mademoiselle!"—The King.

Very Cordial.

The Guest—There is something very cordial in your husband.

The Hostess—Yes, several pousse cafes, I guess. He came home with a pocketful of cloves.—Chicago Daily News.

Excursion Sleepers Via M., K. & T. Ry.

Weekly Excursion Sleepers leave St. Louis via Katy Flyer (M. K. & T. Ry.) every Tuesday at 8:16 p. m. for San Antonio, Los Angeles and San Francisco.

Weekly Excursion Sleepers leave Kansas City via the M. K. & T. Ry. every Saturday at 9:05 p. m. for San Antonio, Los Angeles and San Francisco.

One Might Suppose So.

Mrs. Brown—Izaak Walton must have been a peculiar person.

Brown—Why?

"Well, you'd think he'd know how to spell his first name!"—Puck.

What Shall We Have for Dessert?

This question arises every day. Let us answer it to-day. Try Jell-O, delicious and healthful. Prepared in two minutes. No boiling! no baking! add boiling water and set to cool. Flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry, Strawberry. At your grocers. 10c.

Right at Home.

We have become so familiar with golf in Atchison that there are several babies in town who are cutting their teeth on the balls.—Atchison Globe.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

An Atchison girl is always referred to as "the late Miss Black," not because she is dead, but for the reason that she is never on time.—Atchison Globe.

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—Mrs. Thos. Robbins, Maple Street, Norwich, N. Y., Feb 17, 1900.

There are two reasons why some people do not mind their own business. One is they haven't any business, and the other is they haven't any mind.—London Tit-Bits.

As a general rule the more a man leaves behind him in this world the less he has to commence the next one with.—Ally Sloper.

Each package of PUTNAM FADELESS DYES colors either Silk, Wool or Cotton perfectly. Sold by all druggists.

Genuine charity is after all not so very particular as to where it begins.—Detroit Journal.

The frown of a true friend is better than the smile of a cunning enemy.—Chicago Journal.

Don't drink too much water when cycling. Adams' Tutti Frutti is an excellent substitute.

He who would make a fool of himself will find many to help him.—Danish Proverb.

LOSS OF MEMORY

is often derived from an unlooked for source—the Kidneys. Odorous urine or that which scalds or stains is an infallible proof that you are progressing towards Bright's Disease or one of the other forms of Kidney Trouble all of which are fatal if permitted to grow worse.

MORROW'S

KID-NE-OIDS

will arrest the disease and under most solemn guarantee effect a cure where it is possible by human means.

WISCONSIN AND IOWA

People cured by KID-NE-OIDS. In writing them, please enclose stamped addressed envelope.

J. H. Rose, 1st Ward, Independence, Ia.
John W. Lohmer, 921 Johnson St., Keokuk, Ia.
W. S. Hayden, 1128 West Bond St., Keokuk, Ia.
G. W. Wilsey, Delivery Clerk, Keokuk, Ia.
Mrs. Wm. Thompson, 1111 Park St., Keokuk, Ia.
Mrs. W. J. Morden, 410 E. Bromley St., Marshalltown, Ia.
Mrs. W. E. Lefever, 14th St., Fond-du-lac, Wis.

Morrow's Kid-ne-oids are not pills, but Yellow Tablets and sell at fifty cents a box at drug stores.

JOHN MORROW & CO., SPRINGFIELD, O.

A Great Drive.

There was a loud, hissing noise. The heavens were brilliantly lighted. The man with the crimson coat and the long leather bag stopped and looked upward. He saw what seemed to be a ball of fire coming directly toward him, leaving a long, red streak behind it. Before he could move out of his tracks he heard the object strike the earth a few feet away, and after a short search he found a grayish ball, perhaps 1½ inches in diameter. He stood for a moment gazing thoughtfully down at it. Then he raised his hat, scratched his head solemnly and said: "Holy St. Andrew! What a drive that was!"—Bangor News.

The Worm's Turning.

Mrs. Henpeck—What do you think of giving me for a Christmas present?

Mr. Henpeck—I think very well of it, but to whom? I haven't an enemy on earth.—Philadelphia Press.

It is a remarkable thing how many societies at their meetings waste hours in making minutes.—Ally Sloper.

It is always a safe rule, when a dog's bark is worse than his bite, to fight shy of his bark.—Chicago Journal.

GRAIN-O

THE PURE GRAIN COFFEE

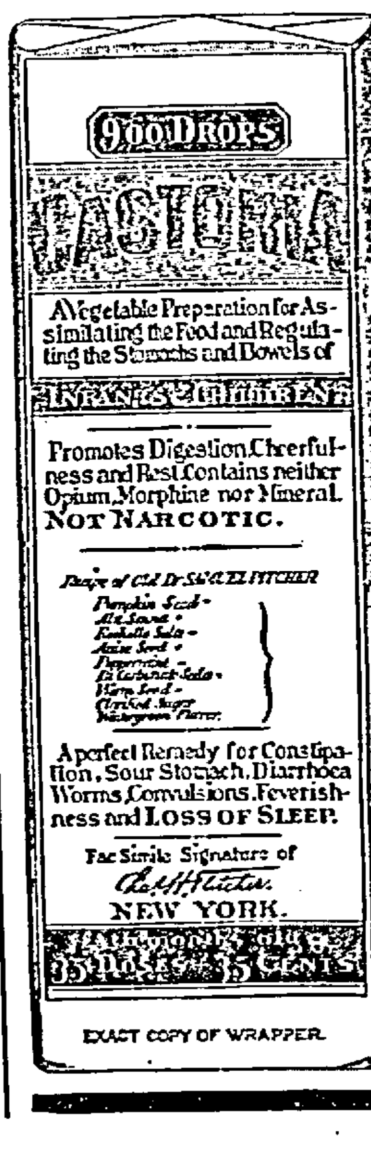
Coffee injures growing children even when it is weakened. Grain-O gives them brighter eyes, firmer flesh, quicker intelligence and happier dispositions. They can drink all they want of Grain-O—the more the better—and it tastes like coffee.

All grocers; 15c. and 25c.

To-Day's Dessert.

In making it ready Burnham's Hasty Jellycon will be highly appreciated; nothing to do but dissolve it in hot water and set away to cool. The flavors are: orange, lemon, strawberry, raspberry, peach, wild cherry and unflavored "calfsfoot" for making wine and coffee jellies. Get a package to-day at your grocer's.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box D, Atlanta, Ga.



900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

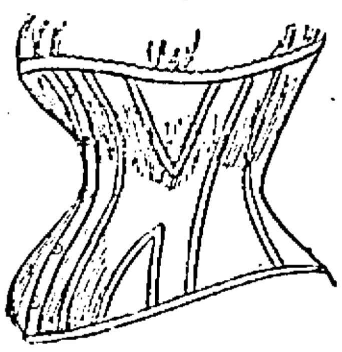
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

SELECTING A CORSET.

It Is an Important Task and Requires the Exercise of Great Care and Ripe Judgment.

Comfort and beauty both considered, a woman's corset is her most important article of apparel. A good corset will accentuate the good points in her figure, and help to conceal imperfections.

There has been a great deal of nonsense written and spoken for and against the corset. This being a free country, there is no reason why a woman who prefers to go about without stays, whether from physical reasons or personal convictions in the matter, should not be allowed to follow her own sweet inclination.

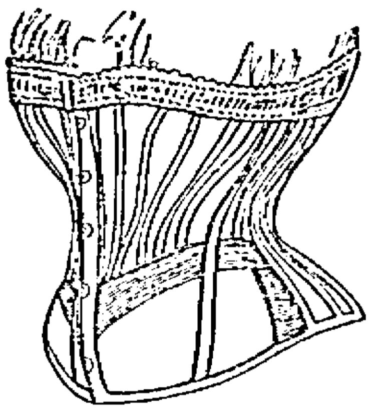


AN ILL-FITTING CORSET.

Personally, I consider a well-fitting, properly constructed corset a blessing. There are, of course, some slight, willowy figures which can do without the support of a corset. But they are very rare exceptions. Take, for example, Mrs. Leslie Carter. Mrs. Carter wears a little girdle about her waist, which is all she requires, her figure being naturally slender, and the physical culture she has received in her years of hard training having given her extraordinary litheness and poise. But the average woman has not the advantage of Mrs. Carter's figure, nor the benefit of long and harmonious physical training. This everyday woman requires a corset, and not any or every corset which she may chance to discover that happens to have a certain number attached to it. There are two things which she must observe with the greatest care. First, whether the corset itself is made in the proper form and well-constructed. Secondly, whether it fits her. How many women, who are so careful about the way their gowns or coats fit, when purchasing corsets ignore either one or both of these precautions!

There are many good ready-made as well as custom-made corsets in the market, and before making her purchase she should first decide which form is more suitable for her figure. There are corsets for slender figures and others adapted only to over-stout women; there are some for long waists and some for short waists.

Having selected her corset, she should insist upon trying it on, and, above all, she should never select a cheaper corset just because it is cheaper. In stays, as in toilet soap, a woman cannot afford to economize, for health and comfort as well as personal appearance are vitally concerned. No matter how handsome a gown may be, if it is fitted and worn over a badly-made corset the effect will be ruined.



A WELL-FITTING CORSET.

To show just how great a factor her corset is in a woman's appearance, I induced a lady who was wearing a most hideous corset to allow me to make two little sketches of her.

In No. 1 she is wearing the corset of her own selection, while No. 2 shows the same figure in a well-fitting corset. Everyone who sees these pictures will recognize the first figure as one she knows very well. The second corset is not heavily boned, but is so cut that the ugly curve at the waist is entirely suppressed and objectionable embonpoint, caused by the wretched shape of the old corset, has entirely disappeared.—Gertrude M. Anderson, in Detroit Free Press.

Book Clubs for Small Towns.

A writer in the Ladies' Home Journal, telling how to organize book clubs in small communities, says that one successful club was started in a small country town of from 1,000 to 1,200 inhabitants, in which there was no public library of any kind. Its charter members numbered 17. Each member, except one, who was chosen secretary and gave service instead of money, paid into the general treasury five dollars a year. With the sum so raised the club was able to subscribe for 17 periodicals, weeklies and monthlies, and to buy from 17 to 34 books chosen in general from among the new publications.

MALICIOUS GOSSIPS.

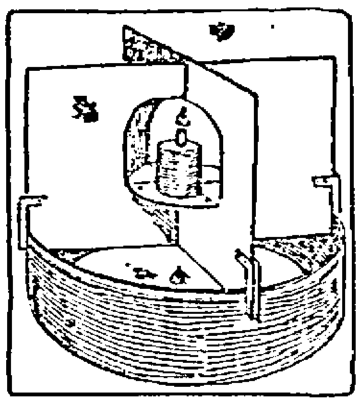
They Are a Constant Menace to the Peace of the Community in Which They Live.

Habitual gossips ought to be shunned as well as despised. They are so dangerous that one is afraid to accept even their offers of assistance in domestic affliction lest they violate the sanctities of the sick chamber. In their presence no one feels safe. Even though people may never think of believing what they say, they are a disturbing element in any community, and every true person dreads them as the coils of a viper, even though the bite may have been rendered harmless. Falsehood is loathsome, and a relief is felt when men get away from it. It is needless to say that such persons are more open to criticism than anyone else, and that the faults and foibles they charge upon others are the best indicators of their own besetting sins. In nine cases out of ten, they criticize most severely that fault in others which is peculiar to themselves. Uncharitable remarks about the character and conduct of others, or even about their dress or taste—words often so unkind and wounding—might in 99 cases out of 100, be applied with more justice to the person uttering them than to those in regard to whom they are uttered; and, as a general thing, sensible, observant people see this, and attach but little importance to their slander. Why people delight in commenting upon the faults of others, even if they are conspicuously apparent, is a question that can be answered only on the ground of perverted human nature, which is prone to hate its neighbor; but such persons help to add to the sorrows of the world, and inflict misery upon themselves. The difficulty is one that concerns personal character. The man's own inward spirit rather than the foibles of his fellows, is what is to be corrected.—N. Y. Weekly.

PATENT MOTH TRAP.

A Clever Little Device in Whose Success Almost Every Housekeeper Is Interested.

The affinity of the moth for the flame is well known, and this inordinate love is utilized in the device illustrated herewith to exterminate the insect. A metallic receptacle is provided which has the sides sloping toward each other at the top. On this receptacle are placed two plates of tin or other polished metal, provided with slots, which allow them to be set at right angles to each other, supporting a small lamp on the shelf formed at the center. The receptacle underneath is partially filled with water and a small quantity of coal oil is placed on the surface to kill the moths or other insects which, attracted by the bright flame and the numerous reflections on the surface of the tin, will circle around the apparatus until they strike against one of the reflectors, falling into the liquid. The slanting sides prevent the insects from falling out, and the oil soon puts an end to their existence. When the room has been cleared the lamp and reflectors are lifted off the basin and the contents thrown out. A patent on this device has been granted to Seward A. Haseltine, of Springfield, Mo.—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.



A TRAP FOR MOTHS.

Sweet Potato Croquettes.

Bake sweet potatoes until they are tender; then scoop out the centers and put them through a vegetable press. To each two cups of mashed potatoes allow a tablespoonful of butter, a level teaspoonful of salt, a tablespoonful of sugar and a half saltspoonful of white pepper; mix thoroughly. Form into cylinders, dip in egg, then in breadcrumbs and fry in smoking-hot fat.—Ladies' Home Journal.

A Hint Worth Remembering.

In making up pillows of pine needles a little curled hair added will keep the needles from matting and render the pillows more comfortable.

For the Liver.

Stubb—What are you doing with those digestive tablets?

Penn—I am going to take them for the liver.

Stubb—Digestive tablets for the liver?

Penn—Yes; for the liver I get every morning. You know I am boarding now.—Chicago Daily News.

Grateful.

"My dear," said Mr. Sirius Barker, "that box of cigars you bought me has resulted in great benefit. I want to thank you for them more earnestly than I did at first."

"Did you enjoy them?"

"No. But I'm better off. They made me realize what a terrible habit smoking can become."—Washington Star.

She Thought Otherwise.

Ada—Here is a professor that objects to coeducation because much time is lost in flirting.

May—Goodness! Does he consider that an objection?—Puck.

PUNGENT PARAGRAPHS.

Wife—"Oh, Harry! You can't talk straight." Husband—"Sphrained my neck, my dearsh, looking up for the (hic) leonids."—Town Topics.

Fred—"When you opened your mouth to offer your hand did you put your foot in it?" Frank—"N-no. My heart was in it."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

"How did Dodds ever become councilman?" "Huh; he has the only lawnmower in the neighborhood, an' has promised to buy a new snow shovel."—Indianapolis News.

"That newly-rich Billson carves beautifully." "Yes, he learned how to do that when they lived in a Harlem flat and he had to make one chicken go round with nine in the family."—Cleveland Plain-Dealer.

"Yes, it's true," boasted Col. Bragg, "I've been in innumerable engagements, and yet I never lost my head." "And I've been in hundreds of them," replied the summer girl, "and never lost my heart."—Philadelphia Press.

She—"It's strange how the smallest things in life make the biggest difficulties."—He—"That's so. Last night, for instance, I could find the house all right, but for the life of me I couldn't find the keyhole."—Stray Stories.

"Say," remarked the first boy on the way to school. "I just heard the minister tell another man 'at my pa was a 'horrible example.' Wonder what 'at is?" "I guess," replied the other, "he must have a lot of fractions in him."—Omaha Bee.

"Now, children," said the school teacher, "can you tell me of a greater power than a king?" "Yes, ma'am," cried a little boy, eagerly. "What, Willie?" asked the teacher (expecting the answer: "An emperor"), benignly. "An ace, ma'am," was the unexpected reply.—Town Talk.

RUSSIAN SPIES ARE HERE.

They Are Keeping Watch of Nihilists Who Seek Refuge in America.

The Russian secret police are probably the most skillful in the world; they need to be. In the days of Napoleon III. the police of France had that reputation. They haven't it now for the best of reasons. An emperor needs skillful spies in all the world—a republic doesn't. Russia has had its lessons in the death of the late czar and in the many attempts made upon the present ruler. So the chief of political police keeps agents in every great city in the world. New York, where so many Russian nihilists have found refuge; San Francisco and Chicago are especially favored in this way. Escaped convicts from Siberia sometimes drift to the Pacific coast, while Chicago is watched on general principles. New York, however, is getting to be more and more the chief object of the solicitous attentions of the czar's people, says the Chicago Chronicle.

The spies who keep tab on nihilists in America always claim to be nihilists themselves, exiled for their political views, or escaped suspects. It is their plan to secure admittance to some of the many nihilist circles here and keep the police informed of what goes on.

So long as the nihilists confine themselves to speechmaking nothing is done about it. But if one of them should start for St. Petersburg with such a mission as that which took Bresci from Paterson the home authorities would be warned and stand ready to receive him after certain well-known precedents. As for the spy, his is a dangerous life. If suspected he may become at almost any time the hero of a mysterious murder case.

Sustaining His Theory.

No man is a real man of science unless he is ready to abandon his own conclusions, duly put on record, if subsequent investigations prove them fallacious. The president of a great college once wrote a volume on the practice of medicine. After it had been completed and he had gone to New York to arrange for its publication, his house was burned, and the manuscript of his book and all his notes were destroyed.

He couldn't reproduce it. Ten years afterward he said: "That fire was the greatest of good fortune to me. If I had published the book, I should have had to stand by it, whereas now I know that it was all wrong!"

Mr. Andrew Lang, in Longman's Magazine, tells of two geologists who were gathering specimens in a lonely mountain place. One of them had written a book. The other, looking about one day with a field glass, saw his friend occupied a long time—unobserved, as he thought—in rolling a great stone downhill, and at dinner questioned him about it.

He pretended at first that he had been doing it for exercise, but, hard-pressed, confessed:

"Well, the fact is, the confounded thing was 200 feet too high to suit my theory!"

But nature is too big to be rearranged to suit anyone's theory—even our own.

Locomotives for Rent.

Hundreds of locomotives are rented every year. Several corporations make their chief revenue this way. The Baldwins have many a machine out on the rental form of payment. That is, the engines are rented in the same way that you would buy a stove on installments—so much down, so much a month, the payments to apply on the final purchase money. It is seldom, however, that a railroad rents locomotives.—Engineering.

Women Hunting the Kangaroo.

Among the black hunters of kangaroos in western Australia are 27 women. It is a professional business and there are about 125 persons who make it their regular business to hunt and capture the animals.—N. Y. Sun.

Our Nation's Wealth.

Gold and silver are poured abundantly into the lap of the nation, but our material wealth and strength is rather in iron, the most useful of all metals, just as the wealth of a human being lies in a useful stomach. If you have overworked yours until it is disabled, try Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. It will relieve the clogged bowels, improve the appetite and cure constipation, dyspepsia, biliousness, liver and kidney disease.

A Stolen March.

The famous composer sat in the orchestra chair and listened to the comic opera of his rival. As the chorus roared out a swinging, familiar air, the tears started to the great musician's eyes. "Ah," he said, sadly, "I would not have believed it, but he has stolen a march on me." To those familiar with his works, the truth of this remark would have been apparent.—Princeton Tiger.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

with Local Applications, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

Sold by all druggists, price 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Vice Versa.

Tigg—There's one good thing about these college yells.

Wigg—What is it?

"They can't sing those glee songs while they are yelling."—Baltimore American.

Information for Homeseekers.

Valuable information concerning Lands, Locations and Climate of Tennessee, Alabama and Georgia may be found in "Information for Homeseekers" recently issued by the Passenger Department of the Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis Railway. It gives detailed information regarding prices paid for farm products, varieties of soil, climate, elevation, rainfall, etc. Homeseeker's Excursion tickets to this territory at very low rates. For maps, printed matter and other information call on nearest ticket agent or address Briard F. Hill, N. P. A., 328 Marquette Bdg., Chicago, Ill., J. B. Killibrew, Immigration Agent, or W. L. Danley, G. P. A., Nashville, Tenn.

Explained.

Piper—Say, Meggsy, wat's a statu quo, anyhow?

Meggsy—Why, dat's when you've got de jay down an' are sittin' on him.—Philadelphia North American.

Best for the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. Cascarets help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

An Unjust Charge.

"Penelope is so abominably mannish."

"Mannish! I wish you could see her carve."—Denver Times.

Jell-O, The New Dessert,

pleases all the family. Four flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. At your grocers. 10 cts. Try it to-day.

A great bar to education is the habit that ignorant people have of getting angry when they cannot understand.—Town Topics.

EBWIHI makes clothing Water and Fire-Proof, don't harm the finest fabric, indispensable to every family. One package sufficient for small family sent upon receipt of price, $1. Particulars for 2c stamp. Kemoo Mfg. Co., Box 498, Cincinnati, Ohio.

It is a great mistake for a married man to give way to a love of pastry, as it puts him so much in the power of his wife.—Ally Sloper.

The stamp of a gentleman isn't on sale at the post office.—Chicago Daily News.

Worry is a greater enemy to the face than smallpox.—Chicago Daily News.

He that lies down with dogs will get up with fleas.—Danish Proverb.

Friendship is a welcome ship in any port.—Chicago Daily News.

All worthless people are not lazy.—Atchison Globe.

AN ENEMY TO DRINK.

One Woman who has Done a Great Deal to put Down this Evil.

Minneapolis, Minn., Dec. 17, 1900 (Special).—When the Independent Order of Good Templars of Minnesota wanted a State Organizer, they chose Mrs. Laura J. Smith, of 1217 West 22nd Street, this city. The American Anti-Treat League also selected Mrs. Smith as National Organizer. The reason is not far to seek. This gifted woman has devoted her life to a battle against Drink and Drinking Habits. Her influence for good in Minnesota is and has been very far reaching.

About two years ago, however, it seemed as if this noble woman would have to give up her philanthropic work. Severe pains in her back and under her shoulder blades, made life a burden and work impossible. Physicians were consulted, and they prescribed for Kidney Disease. Three months' treatment, however, failed to give Mrs. Smith any relief. Her husband was much exercised, and cast about him for something that would restore his good wife to health and strength. He heard of the cures effected by Dodd's Kidney Pills, and advised her to try them, which she did. She is now a well woman and says:

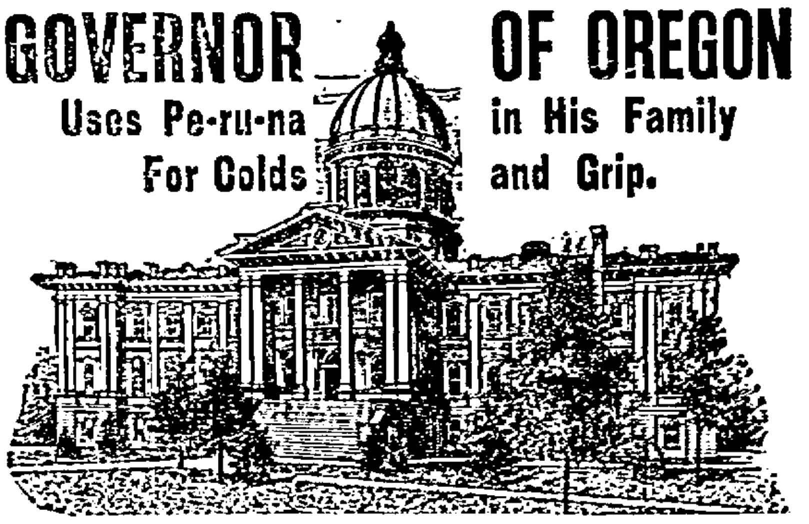
"Two weeks after I commenced taking Dodd's Kidney Pills, I felt much better, and at the end of seven weeks was completely cured. I have had no recurrence of the trouble, but I take a pill off and on, and find that it keeps me in good health."

Dodd's Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers at 50 cents a box.

They are easily within the reach of all, and no woman can afford to suffer, when such a simple and sure Remedy is at hand.

GOVERNOR OF OREGON

Uses Pe-ru-na in His Family For Colds and Grip.



CAPITOL BUILDING, SALEM, OREGON.

A Letter From the Executive Office of Oregon.

The Governor of Oregon is an ardent admirer of Pe-ru-na. He keeps it continually in the house. In a recent letter to Dr. Hartman he says:

State of Oregon,
Executive Department,
Salem, May 9, 1898.

The Pe-ru-na Medicine Co., Columbus, O.:

Dear Sirs:—I have had occasion to use your Pe-ru-na medicine in my family for colds, and it proved to be an excellent remedy. I have not had occasion to use it for other ailments.

Yours very truly, W. M. Lord.

Any man who wishes perfect health must be entirely free from catarrh. Catarrh is well-nigh universal; almost omnipresent. Pe-ru-na is the only absolute safeguard known. A cold is the beginning of catarrh. To prevent colds, to cure colds, is to cheat catarrh out of its victims. Pe-ru-na not only cures catarrh, but prevents. Every household should be supplied with this great remedy for coughs, colds, and so forth.

It will be noticed that the Governor says he has not had occasion to use Pe-ru-na for other ailments. The reason for this is, most other ailments begin with a cold. Using Pe-ru-na to promptly cure colds, he protects his family against other ailments. This is exactly what every other family in the United States should do. Keep Pe-ru-na in the house. Use it for coughs, colds, la grippe, and other climatic affections of winter, and there will be no other ailments in the house. Such families should provide themselves with a copy of Dr. Hartman's free book, entitled "Winter Catarrh." Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio.

When one woman out of a hundred has nothing to say the other 99 are asking what is the matter with her.—Chicago Daily News.

"No, Geraldine, the partition of China is not the same thing as the Chinese wall."—Indianapolis News.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

SOO LINE

CLOVERLAND!

Cheap Farm Lands!

On the Soo Railway in Wisconsin and Michigan.

These lands are located near good markets, and on direct lines of railway to the big markets of the east—with low freight rates. Excellent hardwood lands with rich soil and a clay subsoil, near good stations, at $4 to $6 per acre, on easy terms. These lands will yield as large crops of grain and vegetables as lands in Iowa and Illinois costing $40 to $75 per acre.

A Natural Stock and Dairy Country

For Clover, Timothy and Blue Grass this region cannot be excelled anywhere. An abundance of pure, soft water and a healthful climate.

Low rates to Landseekers on "Soo" Ry. For free descriptive maps write to

D. W. CASSEDAY,
Land Agt. "Soo" Ry.,
Minneapolis, Minn.

PATENTS without fee unless successful. Send description; FREE opinion. MILO B. STEVENS & CO., Estab. 1864. Div. B, 817-14th Street, WASHINGTON, D. C. Branch offices: Chicago, Cleveland and Detroit.

OLD SORES CURED

Allen's Ulcerine Salve cures Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Indolent Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Fever Sores, all old sores. Positively no failure, no matter how long standing. By mail, 65c. J. P. ALLEN, ST. PAUL, MINN.

PISO'S CURE FOR

CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

CONSUMPTION

A. N. K.—G 1844

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE state that you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup

Cures Hacking Coughs, Sore Lungs, Grippe, Pneumonia and Bronchitis in a few days. Why then risk Consumption? Get Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. Don't be imposed upon. Refuse the dealer's substitute. It is not as good as Dr. Bull's.

Salvation Oil cures Rheumatism and all Pain. Price, 15 and 25 cents.

WALTHAM WATCHES

The real value of a watch depends upon the accuracy of the movement and not upon the price of the case. The "Riverside" Waltham Watch Movement is an accurate watch in any case.

"The Perfected American Watch", an illustrated book of interesting information about watches, will be sent free upon request.

American Waltham Watch Company,
Waltham, Mass.

WINCHESTER

"NEW RIVAL"

FACTORY LOADED SHOTGUN SHELLS

No black powder shells on the market compare with the "NEW RIVAL" in uniformity and strong shooting qualities. Sure fire and waterproof. Get the genuine.

WINCHESTER REPEATING ARMS CO. • • • • New Haven, Conn.

DRINK HABIT A treatment taken at home by the patient which renders Whiskey, Beer, Etc., Obnoxious.

Cures relapses from other treatments; endorsed by business firms of National Reputation. Write for convincing evidence. THE PAQUIN IMMUNE CO., Dept. 28, St. Louis, Mo.

ESTABLISHED 1870.

Minneapolis. { **WOODWARD & CO., GRAIN COMMISSION** } DULUTH.

Orders for Future Delivery Executed in All Markets.

OUR GREAT

CLEARANCE SALE!

The Greatest Bargain Sale that has ever taken place in Rhinelander.

Mens, Boys' and Children's Clothing,

Shoes and Furnishing Goods.

Men's all wool beaver and kersey overcoats, regular $7.50 and $8.00 values 5.75	Men's all wool beaver and kersey overcoats, regular $9 and $10 values 7.48	Men's all wool beaver and kersey overcoats, regular $12 and $14 values 10.48	Men's all wool covert overcoats, regular $8.50 and $10.00 values 6.98	Young men's and boys' all wool beaver and kersey overcoats, regular $12 and $14 values 9.98
Men's all wool covert overcoats, regular $12.00 and $14.00 values 10.48	With every Suit or Overcoat you will receive a suitable present for the coming holiday.			Men's all wool covert overcoats, regular $16.50 and $18.00 values 13.98
A fine line of fancy bosom shirts, regular 75c and 1.00 value for 49c	Men's heavy all wool 1.00 underwear for 59c	Men's heavy all wool 75c caps for 39c	Men's $3.25 felt shoes 2.48	Men's $2.50 felt shoes 1.73
The best 50c underwear for 29c	Men's heavy all wool 50c socks for 39c	Men's heavy all wool 50c mitts for 39c	Men's $3.00 felt shoes 2.23	Men's $2.00 felt shoes 1.48
Men's 25c all wool socks 19c	Ladies $1.75 felt shoes for 1.23	Also a Full Line of Men's Ulsters and Boy's Reefers at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES	Ladies $1.75 felt Juliet slippers 1.25	Ladies $1.25 felt Juliet slippers 95c

These are Only a Few Sample Bargains.

To miss this Money-Saving Opportunity will be a great mistake.

REMEMBER, this Sale will last but a Short Time.

H. LEWIS,

The Leading Clothier. Rhinelander. Wis.

THE NEW NORTH.

RHINELANDER PRINTING CO.

THE SHEEP INDUSTRY.

Secretary North of the National Association of Wool Manufacturers' states, according to a dispatch from Boston, that the total wool clip of the United States for 1900 is 288,636,621 pounds, washed and unwashed, this being an increase of 16,445,291 pounds over the clip of 1899. The number of sheep in the country is reported to be 40,267,818, as against 36,466,405 in 1896, there being an increase of 3,803,413, or of more than 10 per cent.

Since the Dingley law restored the protective tariff to wool and gave adequate protection to other American industries, American wool growers have found it profitable once more to raise sheep, profitable not only because American wool has an advantage in the American market over foreign wool, but also because, with American factories open and running up to the limit of time and capacity, with American labor employed at good wages, the American market is a market well worth having. There is nothing at all mysterious in the fact that North and South Dakota, Wyoming, Utah, Washington and Oregon voted for the re-election of President McKinley and the continuance of the protective policy. The mystery is found in the fact that Montana, Colorado and Idaho did not follow suit.

PRAISE THE LIVING.

Here is a gem that should be cut out by everyone, committed to memory, printed in large type, framed and hung upon the wall in every sitting room in Christendom. It contains a portion of a funeral sermon delivered recently by a minister in Kansas: "Postmortem praise and love are in the air. People kiss their dead who never stop to kiss the living; they hover over soulless caskets in hysteric sobs but fail to throw their arms around loved ones who are fighting the stern battles of life. A word of cheer to the struggling soul in life is worth more than the roses of Christendom piled high on the casket covers. The dead can't smell the flowers, the living can; scatter them broadcast in their pathway, therefore, and pluck out the thorns before it is too late."

Senator Spooner has again demonstrated his ability as a statesman in the Nicaraguan canal measures now pending in the halls of Congress. He favors the canal, but sensible like, does not accept the point of view that we should proceed in that great work in total disregard of the other powers. He takes the sound position that Great Britain is friendly, therefore he does not consent to any reckless proceedings, which, we as a nation should not indulge in. In affairs of state we should act honorably as the individual would in conducting his personal affairs, where the rights of others might be jeopardized. The well intending individual will consult and reason with his neighbor in order to continue amicable relations. So we, as a nation, should do with our neighbors across the seas. Like in individual affairs, in the affairs of state, complications arise with apparently little provocation. We can go ahead in the construction of the canal, but in carrying on the preliminary work, we should use diplomacy rather than bull-headeness.

The terrible catastrophe in San Francisco a couple of weeks ago by which a number of men and boys were hurled to eternity through the roof of a glass factory should serve as a warning to a class who are willing to face any danger or submit to any and all inconveniences rather than patronize legitimate amusements in a legitimate way. Every ball game played, every athletic contest in the open air and every horse race is witnessed by a number who will not pay the admission fee and have not stability of character sufficient to remain away. There may be excuse for boys climbing roofs and tall trees to look over the fence, but men should have too much regard for themselves to attempt to enjoy sport which they either can not or will not pay to see.

Jim Williams, of the Hayward Republican, says that the small pox cases reported at Ashland and Washburn developed into the old fashioned itch. The Rice Lake Times says: Well, Jim, the old fashioned itch is for office that has always prevailed in those towns both in and out of season, inasmuch as with the old fashioned itch people scratched no one but themselves, whereas with the itch for office, they persist in scratching their best friends at caucuses, conventions, during election and afterwards, as is evidenced by the scramble now going on for appointments at Madison.

It is said that General Kitchner who has succeeded Lord Roberts in command of the British forces in South Africa, will adopt the tactics employed by General Weyler in his efforts to subdue the Cubans. This means the depopulation of several towns and the herding of non-combatants at some point near the coast where they can be fed and cared for. If Kitchner can convince the civilized world that these tactics are proper and necessary, he will have accomplished more than Weyler can ever hope to

Kirby Thomas of the West Superior Evening Telegram, has become a full fledged reformer and has turned his editorial Gatling guns upon the dens of iniquity and vice which have flourished of late years in that city. There certainly is a chance for reformation there, in fact, telling work has been accomplished along that line.

Pingree said he would hold his nose while voting for McKinley and one of our exchanges remarks, that whether or not he carried out this statesman like procedure is not related. But if there is in all the broad land a nose that needed tweaking by an able bodied citizen, it was the organ attached to the explosive Pingree face.

The death of Mrs. August Beck, a bride of scarcely a month, as a result of injuries received in the Northwestern depot explosion in Chicago, is a very sad case indeed. The bride and groom were returning to their home in Milwaukee on their way home from the east, where they had been enjoying their honeymoon.

Bishop Potter, of New York, has discovered that America's metropolis is contaminated by vice and that the police force is making no effort to abate the condition. This fact will probably be a surprise to New Yorkers; but everyone on the outside knew all about it years ago.

A Chattanooga mother recently killed her son with a dull ax because he smoked cigarettes. While the punishment was a trifle severe, it cannot but be admitted that it came very close to fitting the crime and its lasting qualities are also worthy of commendation.

The late prohibition candidate now feels like a dog in the manger confronted by an armful of fresh hay.

High School Notes.

Ed. Monsell is again at school after his return from the west.

Some of the lower rooms are preparing appropriate Christmas exercises for Friday afternoon.

The latter part of the week, written tests will be given in the upper grades, so that the pupils and teachers may know the part they are bound for—a good stimulus for both.

A new plan has been inaugurated in the High school; tardy pupils being required to remain after school and prepare quotations to be given before the school at the opening of the following day's session.

E. L. Lathrop, of Fort Wayne, Indiana, and John P. McHale, of Antigo, were in the city the first of the week in the interest of the Indiana Road Machine company. Mr. Lathrop is a member of the firm and the Antigo gentleman is representing it in this section of the state. They appeared before the city dads last Tuesday evening in an effort to dispose of one of their stone crushing plants. The members of the council are thinking very seriously of making the investment. Mr. McHale has been making regular visits here for the past year and has depicted thoroughly the merits of his machine. They carry a small model with them, which they exhibited before the members of the council. Those in a position to know, say that the machine does all that is claimed for it.

Will Return Saturday.

The New North has received word from Dr. A. D. Daniels, now in Philadelphia, to the effect that he will return here this week Saturday.

Holiday Rates to Canadian Points.

For the holidays the Soo Line will sell tickets to points in eastern Canada at one fare for the round trip Get particulars from agents or write W. R. Callaway, General Passenger Agent, Minneapolis, Minn.

Teachers and Students' Holiday Rates.

Fare and one third for the round trip from stations on the Soo Line in Michigan to points in lower Michigan. Get particulars from agents or write W. R. Callaway, G. P. A. Minneapolis, Minn.

Excursion Rates Via Soo Line.

For Christmas and New Years Holidays the Soo Line will sell round trip tickets to Montreal, Quebec, Toronto, Buffalo, New York, Portland, Boston, Halifax, and all points in the East at very low rates. No transfer. No delays. For particulars call on nearest agent or write to W. R. Callaway, G. P. A., Minneapolis, Minn.

Holiday Rates Via Soo Line.

For Christmas and New Years holidays the Soo Line will sell tickets between local points at fare and one third for the round trip. Inquire of agents or write W. R. Callaway, G. P. A., Minneapolis, Minn.

Excursion Rates to Winter Resorts.

Via the Northwestern Line. Excursion tickets are sold daily, with favorable time limits, to numerous points in the West and South at reduced rates. For tickets and full information, apply to agents Chicago & Northwestern R'y.

Excursion Rates For The Holidays.

Via the Northwestern Line. Excursion tickets will be sold at low rates to points on the Northwestern System east of the Missouri River and Davenport, Rock Island and Northwestern R'y, within 200 miles of selling station, December 24, 25, 31 January 1, good returning until January 2, inclusive. Apply to agents, Chicago & Northwestern R'y.

A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25 cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded. J. J. Reardon. O18-April1-'01.

WANTED—Cedar shingle blocks.
Wixson, Bronson & French Co.
3w-d27

Low Rates to The South.

Excursion tickets at reduced rates are now being sold by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway to the prominent resorts in the South, including Jacksonville, Fla., Mobile, Ala., New Orleans, La., Savannah, Ga., El Paso, Tex., which are good for return passage at any time prior to June 1st, 1901. Information regarding rates, routes, time, etc., can be obtained on application to any coupon ticket agent of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.

F. A. Miller,
Gen'l Pass'r Agent.

August Flower.

"It is a surprising fact," says Prof. Houton, "that in my travels in all parts of the world, for the last ten years, I have met more people having used Green's August Flower than any other remedy for dyspepsia, deranged liver and stomach, and for constipation. I found for tourists and salesmen, or for persons filling office positions, where headaches and general bad feelings from irregular habits exist, that Green's August Flower is a grand remedy. It does not injure the system by frequent use, and is excellent for sour stomachs and indigestion." Sample bottle free at J. J. Reardon's, Drug Store. 3m-n22-f14-

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the board of public works of the city of Rhinelander, Wis. will recieve at the office of the city clerk, and secretary of this board, until the 22nd day of December, A. D. 1900, at 10 o'clock A. M., bids for furnishing the city of Rhinelander at the Pumping Station in the Third ward of said city five hundred (500) cords of tamarack and hemlock wood; said wood to be full 4 ft. in length, and good, sound split body wood, bids of 100. Cord lots will be received, and the board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

By order of the board of public works. Wm. W. Carr, Sec.

Notice to Tax Payers.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, city treasurer of the city of Rhinelander, that the tax roll for said city for the year 1900, is in my hands for collection, and that the taxes charged therein are subject to payment at my office at any time prior to the 15th day of Mch 1901. Dated this 17th day of December 1900.

A. D. Sutton,
City Treasurer.

Office second floor Merchants State Bank Block. Dec-20-4w.

To the Policy Holders of the Penn Mutual Life Ins. Co.

Phila., and to all others. You are hereby notified that the agency for this Company heretofore held by Wm. A. Clark, of Rhinelander, has been terminated, and that from and after October 22nd, 1900, Mr. M. A. Raymond, of Rhinelander, Cashier of Merchant's State Bank, is the only representative of the Co. to whom money should be paid for Rhinelander and adjacent counties, unless such money be remitted to Milwaukee office of Co. at 205 Pabst Bldg. Wm. W. McComber, Manager.

STATE OF WISCONSIN: COUNTY COURT FOR ONEIDA COUNTY.

In the Matter of the Adoption of Henry C. Kiel by Henry E. Knapp and Ella M. Knapp, his wife.

To Charles Kiel, father of Henry C. Kiel.

Notice is hereby given that at the special term of the County Court to be held in and for said county at the Court House in the city of Rhinelander in said county, on Tuesday the 15th day of January A. D. 1901, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, the following matter will be heard and considered:

The petition of Henry E. Knapp and Ella M. Knapp, his wife, of Rhinelander in the county of Oneida in the state of Wisconsin for leave to adopt Henry C. Kiel, a minor child not their own by birth, the child by Charles Kiel and Anna Kiel, his wife.

Dated this 17th day of December A. D. 1900.

By the Court.
Levi J. Billings,
County Judge.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
Department of the Interior,
Land Office at Wausau, Wis.

December, 8th, 1900.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register and Receiver, U. S. Land office at Wausau, Wisconsin, on January 22nd, 1901, viz. William Oelhafen, who made H. E. 9768, for the NW¼ SW¼, S½ SW¼ Sec. 1 and SE¼ SE¼ Sec. 2, T. 37 N. R. 5 East.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: August Zastrow, William Zander and Andrew Oelhafen of Tomahawk, Lincoln Co. Wisconsin, and John W. Kelley, of Somo, Lincoln co. Wisconsin. Edgar T. Wheelock, Register.
6t-D13-J17

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
Department of the Interior,
Land Office at Wausau, Wis.

December 8th, 1900.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Rhinelander, Wisconsin, on January 22nd, 1901, viz: Louie Ehlepp, who made H. E. No. 9510, for the E½ S E¼ Sec. 18, T. 36 N. R. 4 East.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: John Anstrud and Andrew Harris, of Clifford, Wisconsin, Alex. Leadale, of Headford, Wisconsin, and Otto Ehlepp, of Tomahawk, Wisconsin.
6t-D13-J17 Edgar T. Wheelock, Register

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
Department of the Interior,
Land Office at Wausau, Wis.

November 22nd, 1900.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the circuit court at Rhinelander, Wisconsin, on January 5th, 1901 viz Carl Gustafson, who made H. E. No. 9316 for the N E¼ NW¼, S½ NW¼ and NE¼ SW¼ Sec. 12, T. 37, N. R. 5 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Anton Carlson, of Rhinelander, Wisconsin; Hans Anderson, of Rhinelander; Carl E. Johnson, of Harshaw, Wisconsin; John Werner, of Harshaw, Wisconsin.
6t-N29-J3. Edgar T. Wheelock, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
Department of the Interior,
Land Office at Wausau, Wis.

November 22nd, 1900.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of circuit court at Rhinelander, Wisconsin, on January 5th, 1900, viz Carl E. Johnson who made H. E. No. 9403 for the E½ N E¼ and SW¼ NE¼ Sec. 18 T. 37, N. R. 6 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz Olof Swan, of Harshaw, Wisconsin; Anton Carlson, of Rhinelander, Wisconsin; Carl Gustafson, of Harshaw, Wisconsin; D. E. Priggs, of Rhinelander, Wisconsin.

Edgar T. Wheelock,
6t-N29-J3. Register.

Timber Land, Act June 3, 1878.—Notice for Publication.

United States Land Office,
Wausau, Wis., Aug. 20, 1900.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, Edward W. Whitson, of Tomahawk, county of Lincoln, State of Wisconsin, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 131, for the purchase of the W½ SW¼ of section No. 10, in Township No. 37 N., Range No. 6 E., and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Wausau, Wis., on Saturday, the 19th day of January, 1901.

He names as witnesses: H. A. Johnson, E. Hale, H. A. Lockhart, D. C. Jones, all of Tomahawk, Wis.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 19th day of January, 1901.

10w-N15-J17. Edgar T. Wheelock,
Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
Department of the Interior,
Land Office at Wausau, Wis.

November 7th, 1900.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the circuit court at Rhinelander, Wisconsin, on December 22nd, 1901 viz: Jesse Taylor who made H. E. No. 9231 for the S½ NE¼ and N½ SE¼ Sec. 12, T. 36, N. R. 5 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: George Lamb, of Somo, Wisconsin; John Mertink, of Tomahawk, Wisconsin, Robert Brown, of Tomahawk, Wisconsin; Bert Fitzgerald, of Tomahawk, Wisconsin. Edgar T. Wheelock, Register.
6w-N15-Dec20.

Timber Land, Act June 3, 1878.—Notice for Publication.

United States Land Office,
Wausau, Wis., Aug. 24th, 1900.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, Henry A. Johnson, of Tomahawk, county of Lincoln, State of Wisconsin, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 129, for the purchase of the Lot 3 of Section No. 3 in Township No. 36 N. Range No. 6 E., and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Wausau, Wis., on Saturday, the 19th day of January, 1901.

He names as witnesses: E. W. Whitson, H. E. Lockheart, Dave Jones, Ed. Hale, all of Tomahawk, Wis.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 19th day of January, 1901.

10w-N15-J17. Edgar T. Wheelock,
Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
Department of the Interior,
Land Office at Wausau, Wis.

November 8th, 1900.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the circuit court at Rhinelander, Wisconsin, on December 21st, 1900, viz: Wilhelm Peter who made H. E. No. 7474 for the SE¼ SW¼ Sec. 18 and NE¼ of NW¼ Sec. 19 T. 38 N. R. 9 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation, of said land viz: Andrew Mohr, of Rhinelander, Wis.; August Fertig, of Robins, Wis.; John Dorsch, of Rhinelander, Wis.; Joe Bach, of Rhinelander Wis.

Edgar T. Wheelock,
3t-N15-D20. Register.

J. A. WHITING,
VETERINARY SURGEON
And DENTIST.

Office at Joslin & Chafee's Livery.
Rhinelander, Wisconsin.

GEM BARBER SHOP
H. L. JEWETT, Prop.

I make it a point to satisfy my patrons. My workmen are the best in the city. Call and see me. Shop on Davenport Street, next to First National Bank.

F. A. HILDEBRAND,
DEALER IN FURNITURE.
My Stock is Complete and my Prices Reasonable. Your Patronage is solicited.
An expert embalmer and funeral director in readiness at all times.
Call before purchasing.
RHINELANDER, - WIS.

The Central
BARBER SHOP
GEO. DUSEL, Proprietor.

Only First-Class Workmen Employed.
Hiiber House Block.

Coal and Wood
FOR SALE!
Excavating
Lowest Prices in City on Coal
W. F. SHAFER,
RHINELANDER, - WIS.

A HOME in the
SUNNY SOUTHWEST
MISSOURI . . .
WE CAN FURNISH YOU
100 ACRES OF FINE
FARM LAND
FOR ONLY
FIFTY-FIVE DOLLARS.
FINEST COUNTRY FOR:
Fruit, Grain,
Hogs, Sheep or Cattle.

Climate and Water Unexcelled.
No Swamp or Malaria.
Title Perfect,
Specil Railroad Rates.
For Particulars and Book of Information call or write......
AMERICAN LAND COMPANY,
Suite 714, 59 Dearborn Street
CHICAGO ILL.
If you visit our city call and see us.
Please mention this paper.
41yr-N15-'00.

SOO LINE
Is the Direct Route to
CANADIAN PROVINCES,
New England AND
POINTS EAST NEW YORK
Solid Vestibuled Trains to Montreal.
Only Through Sleepers to Boston.
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E. PENNINGTON,
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W. R. CALLAWAY,
General Passenger Agent,
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Ferndale
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The Finest
Produced.
FOR SALE BY
E. VAN RIPER.

The largest, finest and
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Crockery, Lamps,
Cut Glass,
Fancy China, etc.
to be found in Northern
Wisconsin is on Display
at the store of
LEWIS HDW. CO.
Merchants State Bank Building, RHINELANDER, WIS.
Call there for Christmas Bargains.

Winter Suitings.
We have the most up-to-date and stylish goods for winter wear we ever had and we want your patronage.
THE PRICE SELLS THEM ON SIGHT.
We carry the very best grades of black and blue imported worsted.
A. C. DANIELSON,
Brown Street, Rhinelander, Wis.

SISTER: READ MY FREE OFFER

Wise Words to Sufferers
From a Woman of Notre Dame.

I will mail, free of charge, this Home Treatment with full instructions and the history of my own case to any lady suffering from female trouble. You can cure yourself at home without the aid of any physicians. It will cost you nothing to give the treatment a trial, and if you decide to continue it will only cost you about twelve cents a week. It will not interfere with your work or occupation. I have nothing to sell. Tell other sufferers of it—that is all I ask. It cures all, young or old.

If you feel a bearing-down sensation, sense of impending evil, pain in the back or bowels, creeping feeling up the spine, a desire to cry frequently, hot flashes, weariness, address MRS M. SUMMERS, NOTRE DAME, IND., U. S. A., for the FREE TREATMENT and FULL INFORMATION. Thousands besides myself have cured themselves with it. I send it in plain wrappers.

Wherever you live I can refer you to well-known ladies of your state or county who know and will gladly tell any sufferer that this Home Treatment really cures all diseased conditions of our delicate female organism, thoroughly strengthens relaxed muscles and ligaments which cause displacement, and makes women well. Write to-day, as this offer will not hold good for long. Address

MRS. M. A. SUMMERS, Box M. A., Notre Dame, Ind., U. S., A.

MRS. BENJ. INNES,
Rhinelander, Wis., Agent for Oneida, Vilas and Langlade counties.

ITEMS OF INTEREST FROM NEIGHBORING TOWNS

Arbor Vitae.

B. F. Hammond returned Sunday from Chicago where he had been for nearly six months undergoing treatment in a hospital. He looks very well, considering what he has had to endure, and his Arbor Vitae friends, and they are numerous, are giving him the glad hand and hope he has come back to stay.

Well, how was the poor girl to know, that she was putting Mac's letter in George's envelope, and Geo. had no right to expect she would remain isolated when he's away down in Chi. It's too much to expect of any modern Eve.

Joe and Adolph Liberty arrived here from Tomahawk Saturday to commence work. The former will return to Tomahawk about Christmas, coming back in a couple of weeks, and he won't come back alone.

A horse race takes place Christmas afternoon on the lake at Minocqua is being planned by the local and Minocqua horsemen. Oh yes Dr. Rosenberry is going.

Chas. Gipke and A. Coffman were initiated in the Maccabee lodge Saturday night and Charlie says he doesn't like to ride goats.

How can Fred help it is she persists in calling on him half a dozen times a day. And the "orther fellers" are sore, any how.

The announcement of the discharge of the small pox patient last week was a little premature, but he's gone now.

A. W. Warner was up from Merrill Sunday and spent a few ideally happy hours in "Maggie Murphy's Home"

Chas. I. Rea will leave soon for Madison, Ind. He will spend the holidays with the "old folks at home."

Doc. Bentley returned early in the week from Wausau, where he had gone to attend the funeral of a friend

A. Coffman went down to Fond du Lac Monday evening, called there by the death of his brother-in-law.

Mrs. S. B. Gary and baby Margaret, returned the first of the week from a visit in Rhinelander.

W. H. Bissell and Win Keyes are in Eagle River, on business connected with the county court.

Your correspondent spent a couple of days of the week in Minocqua, with Mrs. C. H. Blair.

Mrs. Coffman and daughter Lois, were Minocqua visitors the first of the week.

Mrs. Dunn, a Rhinelander [illegible] was a business visitor here this week.

D. Starrett, salesman for the Co., is in town again.

And John has shaved off his moustache.

Hazelhurst.

The fair given by the Ladies' Aid society for the benefit of the M. E. church showed that the ladies were in earnest. There was a very nice display of their handiwork in the form of articles to numerous to mention. Considerable chinaware, glassware and silverware was also in evidence. Quite a number went and enjoyed it. There was an oyster supper in connection with the fair on Wednesday evening. The financial result is not known as yet.

The M. E. Sunday school will give an entertainment at the church next Monday evening. The children are taking hold of the preparation very earnestly and they ought to have a good hearing. Everybody come. A Christmas tree will be one of the attractions.

The following persons visited school last week: Jesse Sipes, Pres of the board, L. H. Wheeler, Sec. of the board, Miss Anna Olson and Mesdames McCormick, O'Melia, Holiday, Olson and Widen.

The Royal Neighbors elected officers last Friday night. Twelve members of that organization here visited the Minocqua camp Thurday night. They report a hearty welcome and a general good time.

The ladies here wish to thank those ladies of Rhinelander who so kindly assisted them in their work in connection with the fair. These acts of generosity add much to the pleasure o life.

The Swedish church society held a social at the home of Nels. Olson Saturday night. It was for the purpose of raising money for the Christmas entertainment.

Mr. Burns fell from a scaffold while working at the mill last Friday and in consequence is suffering from a very severe sprain of the left ankle.

Yawkey's men finished enclosing a hot pond last week. It is about one hundred feet wide and extends along the shore about five hundred feet.

Mr. Minty, of Milwaukee, agent for the Hanover Insurance company, came here and paid Mr. Rumery $229.99 to settle loss by recent fire.

We are glad to learn that Hans. Olson is steadily improving. He has been at the hospital in Wausau for some time.

Mr. and Mrs. Fischbach's baby girl has been very sick, but we are glad to note that it is much better.

The repairing at the mill is nearing completion and the wheels will soon begin to turn again.

Mrs. Steadman, of Rhinelander, visited at the home of her father, Mr. Hinds, last week.

Robbins.

The windows of F. R. Tripp's general department store show the finest display of holiday goods ever shown in this village and reflects great credit upon Mr. Tripp and his able assistants.

Mr. Johnson, who was working in C. A. Griffin's camp was taken ill and removed to the Rhinelander hospital. He has typhoid fever. Dr. Stone made a professional call at Robbins last Tuesday.

Mat. Shurbel, the Eagle River sewing machine agent, sold several machines in this neighborhood last week.

Louis Keiley passed through here Monday on his way to Rhinelander from Black Oak Lake, Vilas county

John Wayme will bank about 100,000 ft of hard and bass wood at this place this winter.

Miss Sunshine Bluesky, from Lac du Flambeau, is visiting her father, Mr. Yellow Thunder.

The passenger north on the Brown-Robbin R. R. was two hours late Monday morning.

R. Haley and Ed. Miller, new [illegible], are cutting wood for F. S. Robbins.

Mr. Sczymanskipetzeski sprained his ankle stamping sauerkraut.

School closes Friday for the Christmas vacation.

Mr C. A. Griffin is sporting a new cutter

Monico.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Nichols who have made their future home here for the last few years, left Monday for Milwaukee, their future home. Their absence is much regretted by their large circle of friends here.

A card party was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. S. Oxley, Saturday evening. Admission was charged, the proceeds going toward a Christmas tree for the Sunday school children.

Will Cannon, our wide-awake passenger brakeman, spent Sunday at Ashland, leaving on limited No 11.

J. S. Greene agent at State Line called on his parents here, while on his way to Appleton, Friday.

Miss Margaret Cleary, of Appleton, spent Sunday with her brother, M. Cleary.

Mrs. A. D. Young, spent a day shopping in Rhinelander last week.

Miss Mayme Monahan, of Oshkosh, is visiting her father, J. Monahan.

Henry Nagal made his weekly visit Sunday for a few hours.

Jeff. Fields left Saturday night, to spend Sunday at Antigo.

B. F. Jillson called on friends at Rhinelander Sunday.

Miss Suzette Greene stopped at Rhinelander Monday.

ANNUAL MEETING OF ADVANCEMENT ASSOCIATION

There was a good representation of the interests of the Wisconsin Valley at the annual meeting of the stock holders of the Wisconsin Valley Advancement association held at the Hotel Mitchell in the city of Tomahawk last Tuesday afternoon, still there was not the enthusiasm that characterized the meeting of a year ago. The good results already accomplished by the association are too much in evidence to allow the work to drop or even lag. It is to be hoped that new vigor can be instilled and a more pronounced interest shown in the work.

The meeting was called to order by President W. H. Bradley. It was moved by M. A. Hurley, of Wausau, that the old directors be reelected for the ensuing year. The motion was carried unanimously. Following are the names of the directors:

Eagle River—D. E. Riordan and N. A. Colman.
Rhinelander—W. E. Brown and J. Barnes.
Hazelhurst—C. C. Yawkey and A. O. Jenne.
Tomahawk—W. H. Bradley and R. C. Thielman.
Merrill—H. R. Fehland and S. Heineman.
Wausau—D. S. Plummer and A. L. Kreutzer.
Nosiate—H. M. Thompson and C. Gardner.
Stevens Point—A. O. Week and B. B. Park.
Grand Rapids—E. P. Arpin.
Centralia—Ernest Overbeck.

The naming of the directors completed the work of the stockholders and they adjourned. This was followed by a meeting of the directors, the following being present: W. G. Collins, S. Heineman, A. O. Jenne, H. R. Fehland, Robert Thielman, A. L. Kreutzer, H. M. Thompson, W. H. Bradley, N. A. Colman and W. E. Brown.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and adopted.

It was moved by Mr. Kreutzer that the secretary be instructed to cast a ballot for W. H. Bradley for president of the association. The motion was carried unanimously.

Mr. Colman moved that W. E. Brown be reelected vice-president of the association. The motion was carried.

Upon motion of Mr. Collins, C. Overbeck was chosen temporary secretary.

Mr. Colman moved that a special request be sent to all stock holders who have not paid their dues to pay and also that the local auxiliaries be requested to assist in collecting the same. The motion was carried.

The matter of the choice of a permanent secretary was laid over till such a time that the finances of the association are such as to permit of engaging a competent secretary and the other current expenses of the organization. In a preamble of resolutions it was shown that it would take $5,000 to place the association upon a good working basis. The local auxiliaries are requested to assist in raising the necessary amount. President Bradley stated that Tomahawk would raise $1,000. If Tomahawk can do that, it seems as if the rest of the valley ought to turn into the treasury the other $4,000.

The detailed maps of E. S. Shepard, of this city, showing the resources o the Wisconsin valley, were brought to the attention of the directors. No action was taken owing to the fact that the map was not completed.

Hereafter the directors will go visiting. It was argued that it was prudent to hold the meetings in the different towns in the valley. When they adjourned it was to meet at Wausau on the 18th of January.

THE QUEER CRUSTACEAN.

Interesting Characteristics of Lobsters and Turtles.

Lobsters, when young and frivolous, change their shells several times a year, but as they grow older and, presumably, more sedate they are content with a new suit every summer. The lobster is his own tailor, and persons who have watched the process say that the difficulty seems to lie in getting rid of the old garb and not in fitting the new. First he is attacked by a series of convulsions lasting for several days. During these a faint line of breakage appears down the middle of the back, which gradually grows broader with every spasm. The headpiece is the first to break entirely, and suddenly a violent effort enables the lobster to withdraw his head, leaving the larger part of his eyes in the shell. After a rest of a few hours the struggle begins again, and the shoulders, or large claws, emerge, with effort so exhausting that nearly a day is required for recuperation.

During this time he presents a curious spectacle, with head and body completely out of the shell and only the tail inclosed. Then the convulsive movements are resumed, and shell by shell the tail covering is loosened, until, with violent struggles, the tail is free, and the lobster, looking as if he had been boiled, lies down for a sleep of two or three days.

The new suit grows with great rapidity and fits in perfect tailor made style, literally molded to the form.

Like the crab, which is most esteemed when "soft shelled," that is, at precisely this period, which is similar in both, the lobster is regarded by epicures as especially delicious when thus denuded of his shell covering, but as he hides carefully among the rocks he is seldom procurable.—New York Tribune.

AN EXAMPLE OF NERVE.

Warden McClaughry's Experience With an Almost Escaped Prisoner.

"Speaking of nerve," said one of the detectives at headquarters, "reminds me of Chief McClaughry of Chicago. He used to be warden at the state penitentiary down in Joliet, and he had the reputation of being the coolest man in Illinois. He was as shifty as any of the men he had to handle and as quick and calm about it as a regular Sherlock Holmes. Nothing could feaze him.

"One day McClaughry was sitting in his office at just about the time the men were being marched back to their cells from work. He was alone. There was a sound behind him, and, whirling round, he saw a convict who had passed the guard in some way creeping toward him with an ugly looking iron bar in his hand.

"'Don't you stir!' the man whispered. 'I'm going to get out of this if I have to kill you to do it.'

"'Oh,' McClaughry said, 'I thought you were going tomorrow!' The man stared at McClaughry and grunted, 'Wot?' McClaughry simply looked at him as though he didn't care much and said: 'They sent up your dismissal papers this afternoon, that's all. You've been such a model prisoner all the time that they decided to commute your sentence. You can go all right enough if you want to. You're not my prisoner any more. If you want to see your papers—why, I think—they're here in—in the drawer'— And before the poor fool could lift the bar to strike McClaughry had snapped a revolver out of the desk and leveled it at his head."—New York Sun.

Neither Saved Nor Earned.

Railroad people have an arrangement by which they can register the speed of a train. It looks like a steam gauge and is connected with the axle, so that the pointer registers the number of revolutions every minute. There are so many revolutions to the mile, and by an ingenious arrangement the number of miles an hour is shown upon the dial. The apparatus is expensive as well as delicate.

The late Jay Gould was one of the first to adopt it, and shortly after a register was placed in his private car Russell Sage was making a journey with him and inquired what it was. Mr. Gould explained the mechanism and the usefulness of the machine with great care. Mr. Sage was silent for a moment and then, looking up, inquired:

"Does it earn anything?"

"No; I think not," said Mr. Gould, with a smile.

"Does it save anything?"

"No."

"Then I would not have it in my car."—Chicago Record.

The Road to Success.

There is a mistaken notion that success in life is achieved only by hard effort. An "education" is not necessary to become successful in life, beyond thorough familiarity with the rudiments. An education comes to an industrious man as naturally as age. Ability to deliver orations is not necessary. Industry and honesty, which are easier than idleness and dishonesty, will achieve success for any man of ordinary ability. Success is easier than failure. Success seldom comes at once; it is a matter of years of good conduct and intelligent work."—Atchison Globe.

ROSCOE CONKLING.

The Career of an American Who if Living Now Would Be But Seventy Years Old.

If Roscoe Conkling had lived until Oct. 30, '99, he would have been but seventy—the allotted age of man according to Scripture. The fact that he has been dead eleven years and a half and that for the seven preceding years he was a practising lawyer in New York city emphasizes the truth that he was a young man when public honors were heaped upon him. In short he was only a boy when he was appointed District Attorney of Oneida county. He was admitted to the bar in the spring of 1850, when he was 21 years old. He was so big, even then, that nobody thought to inquire his age. Being a full-fledged attorney, he was sent to Albany to interview Hamilton Fish, then Governor of New York, in behalf of the Whig choice for District Attorney. The Governor was greatly taken with the dignified bearing of the boy; he knew his father the "Judge." So he cut the interview short and announced that he had an appointee for the office of District Attorney of Oneida county. "And who may he be"? asked Mr. Conkling. "Roscoe Conkling," was the surprising answer. Behold him then returning to Utica the District Attorney of this county—and still but 20. Did he employ a lawyer? No. He jumped in, and conducted the prosecution of every criminal case on the court callendar of the remainder of the year 1850, alone and unaided.

Another thing that prevented Uticans from thinking of Conkling as a young man was his prematurely gray hair and beard. These, in connection with his great size, gave to him a venerable appearance which his years did not justify. James Russell Lowell tells a story of Daniel Webster. He says that on one occasion in 1852 several of the old Whigs of Boston had assembled for the purpose of considering the disolution of the Whig party. To them came Daniel Webster, who, raising to his full height, spake from the cavernous depths of his great chest the following lugubrious words: "Discontinue the Whig party! But to where would I go!" Then Mr. Lowell adds: "If he had been a little fellow, five feet two, we should have answered him: 'Who the devil cares where you go!' But he looked so imposing when he spoke that that we were all frightened at our temerity in purposing to dissolve the party that held Daniel Webster, whose quick death left us at liberty to break up Whiggery in Massachusetts." It was something so with Roscoe Conkling. Nobody would have thought of discontinuing the Republican party while Roscoe Conkling remained a Republican. But there came a time when Mr. Conkling ceased to be an active Republican. This was in 1884, when James G. Blaine was the candidate for President; and when Roscoe Conkling's friends in Oneida county compassed his defeat and elected Grover Cleveland.

Conkling was first elected to Congress in 1858; re-elected in '60; defeated by Francis Kernan in '62, but elected again '64 and '66. Then he was elected Senator in '67, '73, and '79; resigned in '81; and after trying in vain for a re-election, abandoned politics for law, at which he made a most tremendous success. He was only twenty-eight when elected to the House and thirty-six when he entered the Senate, and but fifty-one when he retired, and but fifty-nine when he died. He accomplished enough for a man who finished his active political career before the dawn of his sixtieth birthday.

The American Girl's Marriage.

"When the American girl defers her choice of a husband until she has had a reasonable opportunity to see something of mankind, and had a chance to compare the good with the bad, she is pretty apt to strike a good average for herself," writes Edward Bok in the Ladies' Home Journal. "As a rule, she is a pretty good judge of men, when she gives her judgment time to assist her to a wise conclusion. The point is to get her to wait. It must be said to her credit that she is waiting longer than she did formerly. It is not so many years ago that a girl was considered of a marriageable age when she became sixteen or seventeen years old. Twenty-five years ago girls generally married at nineteen, while today the average is closer to twenty-three. The marriage of a girl in her teens causes actual surprise in these days. Out of a list of one thousand marriages recently compiled, three hundred were under twenty years of age. And nearly all these young girls married men under twenty-two. And this is the fatal part of a girl's marriage at too early an age. Instead of choosing a man for her husband she is very apt to choose a boy."

A Boston Belle's Part in the War

One of the first women to offer her services to the country at the outbreak of our civil war was Mrs. Harrison Gray Otis, a famous belle and leader of Boston society. With the firing of the first gun at Sumter she put everything aside and gave her time exclusively to the cause of the armies of the North, never ceasing her work until peace had been restored. "She had charge of the depot of goods and money for soldiers," writes Mabel Percy Haskell in the Ladies' Home Journal, "and no small degree of heroic fortitude and firmness was required to carry out the great and beneficent objects of the organization, yet Mrs. Otis did this with an entire disregard of her own personal comfort. She wore the plainest, coarsest of clothes, and many a time she was to be seen trudging across the Common in a long waterproof circular, the hood over her head, and under each arm an imense bundle of soldier clothes. It was al a labor of love with her. To show how entirely she disregarded what is usually a woman's chief consideration—her dress—she did not purchase a new gown nor have one remodeled during the four years of her labors for the soldiers. She took in and expended over one million dollars."

New Hampshire has now a wide tire law, which came into force with the new year. The width of tire required is graded according to weight of load carried, up to six inches for a load of four to six tons.

USEFUL
CHRISTMAS
PRESENTS.

We would call your attention to our elegant line of

Dress Goods of all kinds.
Beautiful French Flannels.
Collarettes and Muffs.
Jackets and Shoes.
Table Linens and Muffs.
Towels and many useful articles.

Handkerchiefs.—All prices. All kinds. Prices run from 1c to $1.00 each.

DO NOT FORGET.

That we are closing out the balance of our Toys at greatly reduced prices.

CASH DEPARTMENT STORE.

He Was a Little Bit Close.

"The meanest man I ever knew," said the short passenger, "was a fellow who got a football and painted it to look like a watermelon. Then during the summer months he kept it conspicuously displayed in his back yard and amused himself setting a savage bulldog on hungry people who happened to take a fancy to the bogus melon."

"He certainly had his mean points," said the tall passenger, "but I know a fellow who could give him a discount and then beat him at his own game. I was in a restaurant once where this fellow was getting his dinner. After he had finished he called the waiter who had served him and asked:

"'How much do you get for a tip as a rule?'

"The waiter's eyes sparkled. He rubbed his hands together and replied:

"'Well, sah, we ginally gits at least a quatah, but sometimes nice, genteel, prosperous lookin gemmans like you gives us 50 cents.'

"Then what did this fellow do but put on his hat and say:

"'Thanks. I merely wanted to know how much I was going to be ahead by not giving you anything.'"—Chicago News.

Have You a Match?

A man whose feet do not track stopped us on the street the other day and said: "The phenomenal good health of smokers is not due to tobacco alone. Smokers carry matches loose in their pockets and it is the sulphur on the matches that surrounds the body with an aura of protection. What smoke and sulphur won't do in the way of killing microbes is not worth mentioning." We offer this for the benefit of the old chronics who "can stop smoking any time they want to," but who never bump up against the time when they want to.—Denver Road.

Minne'lis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie R'y

EAST BOUND.

Atlantic Limited……1:55 a. m. Daily

WEST BOUND.

Pacific Limited……1:55 a. m. Daily
Accommodation……7:00 a. m. Dex. Sun.

Soo Line trains arrive and depart from C. M. & St. Paul depot in Minneapolis and Union depot, St. Paul, on and after Nov. 19, 1896.

Close connections for Tomahawk, Eau Claire, Duluth, Marinette, Menominee, Waupaca Stevens Point, Madison, Chicago and beyond and all points on Wisconsin Central R'y.

PITT PRAY, Agent.

LOCAL TIME TABLES.

Chicago & Northwestern R'y.

NORTH BOUND

No. 11—Daily……[illegible] A. M
No. 17—Ashland Mail and Express……[illegible] P. M

SOUTH BOUND.

No. 4—Daily……10:58 P. M
No. 2—Ashland Mail and Express……11:14 A. M

H. C. BRAEGER, Agent.

RHINELANDER LODGE No. 598, B. P. O. E. Regular meetings first and third Thursdays in each month. Permanent location in new K. O. T. M. rooms, Stevens street.
ARTHUR TAYLOR, E. R.
THOS. C. WOOD, Sec.

FLAMBEAU LODGE NO. 73, K. of P.
Parker Building, Brown St.
Regular Communication every Friday.
D. S. JOHNSON, JR., K. of R. and S.
C. F. BARNES, C. C.

LARAWAY TENT 17, K. O. T. M.
Rhinelander.
Regular review every alternate wednesday, commencing August 9. Visiting Sir Knights welcome.
F. A. BROWN, Com.
JNO. GREENWOOD, Record Keeper.

RHINELANDER LODGE, No. 242, F. & A. M
Stapleton Block.
Regular communications First and Third Tuesdays of each month.
CHAS. STEVENS, Sec. ARTHUR TAYLOR, W. M.

RHINELANDER CHAPTER No. 74, R. A. M
Stapleton Block.
Regular convocations Second and Fourth Tuesdays of each month.
A. TAYLOR Sec. M. H. RAYMOND, H. P.

I. O. F.
Court Juanita, 1975.
Meetings at I. O. O. F. Hall second and fourth Tuesdays of each month.
ELIAS DAWE, C. R. S. E. STONE, R. S.

PAUL BROWNE,
Attorney at Law.
Collections
Rhinelander, Wis

PHYSICIANS.

T. B. McINDOE,
Physician & Surgeon,
Rhinelander, Wis
Office Corner Brown and Davenport Streets

F. L. HINMAN,
Physician and Surgeon
Office in the Hinman Building, Davenport St.
Rhinelander, Wis.

BANKS

MERCHANTS' STATE BANK,
Capital $50,000.
Interest Paid on Time Deposits.
Brown Street Rhinelander, Wis

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,
of Rhinelander
Capital $50,000.
Interest Paid on Time Deposits
Bank Corner Davenport and Stevens Stree

ATTORNEYS.

S. H. ALBA,
Attorney at Law.
Collections promptly attended to.
Office in Merchants State Bank building

S. S. MILLER,
Attorney at Law.
Collections sharply looked after.
Office over First National Bank

L. J. BILLINGS,
Attorney & Counselor.
Rhinelander, Wis

A. W. SHELTON,
Attorney at Law.
pecial attention paid to homestead law an contests.
Rhinelander

Northern Woods
NEW
MAPLE SYRUP
…and…
BUCKWHEAT FLOUR
At RICHARDS & KINGSBURY'S.

No. 25 Brown St. RHINELANDER, WIS.

CRUSOE'S Dept. Store.

The Christmas Attractions

at this store delight old and young,

Note the Beauty of our Holiday Show Windows. See the Magnificent Decorations throughout Store.

Bring the Children to See the Beautiful Christmas display. Visitors to the City invited to make this store their headquarters.

The Biggest Crowds ever out Christmas Shopping are to be seen here daily. Plenty of extra help to facilitate trade and your comfort and convenience looked after to the best of our ability. NOTE.—Parcels and baggage checked free till called for,

The task of enumerating even in part what this store contains for the Holidays is too great.

The big department store is loaded to the top with all kinds of holiday merchandise. Every department has been brought up to the limit of excellence for holiday trading. We have neglected nothing and are making department store prices on everything, which will mean much to your purse.

Sleds, Doll Buggies and Cutters, Lamps, Children's Chairs, Oriental Rugs and Pillows, Jewelry, Watches, Books, Candies, Etc.

Some of Crusoe's Department Store Attractions.

The doll booth—dolls 20 per cent cheaper than elsewhere. The display of Men's up-to-date neckwear—Special Christmas selection The Toy Dept.—The delight of the children-the biggest ever. The Shoe Dept.—Als styles and special holiday prices, women's, men's, children'. The Millinery Section.—I Finest trimmed hats at lowest prices. Men's Furnishing Dept.—A beautiful and varied collection of holiday things for men's wear. Dress Goods Dept.—The best offerings in fine dress goods attractive holiday prices. Cloak Room---The finest jackets and furs at the season's lowest prices right now.

Bits of Local Gossip

Beers & Co. lead them all.

B. F. Jillson was up from Monico Sunday.

H. J. Hughitt, of Antigo, was here Monday.

George Miller was at Woodruff on business last Friday.

T. R. Simpson, of Neillsville, was a visitor here Monday.

M. D. Bump, of Merrill, transacted business here Monday.

G. W. Maxson, of Waupaca, was a Rhinelander visitor Monday.

Seaside raiment. Low tide prices. Sail in. EVENSON & SEIBEL.

Mark Raymond was a visitor at Arbor Vitae the fore part of the week.

F. E. Greene, of Monico, was a business visitor in the city last Monday.

W. H. Dick, of New London, was a visitor here the fore part of the week.

W. E. Fessenden, of North Crandon was a business visitor in the city Monday.

John Trelevan, of Omro, was in the city on business a few days of last week.

Mrs. T. B. McIndoe returned Saturday, after spending several days in Milwaukee.

L. H. Wheeler, of Hazelhurst, was in the city yesterday on his way to Three Lakes.

Are you going? Where? To the Elks' charity ball. Of course, everybody is going.

Your purse will feel more healthy if you buy your goods here. EVENSON & SEIBEL.

Reserved seats for the Peoples Players are now on sale at the Cash Department store.

The big and eagerly looked forward to event takes place tonight—the Elks' charity ball.

Tom Wood was able to be out Monday for the first time after his siege of the mumps.

First in style! First in quality! First in the hearts of our citizens! EVENSON & SEIBEL.

FOR SALE—Farm with buildings, etc., will be sold cheap. Inquire of Chas. Brown. d20-tf

Wouldn't miss it for a hundred. What? The Elks' charity ball at the Armory hall tonight.

Every sale we make is seed sown that blossoms into continued patronage. EVENSON & SEIBEL.

Paul Scott, a well known commercial traveler, called on the dispensers of wet goods last Saturday.

FOR SALE. A Kimball piano in good condition for sale cheap. Inquire of John C. Curran.2w.p.

Geo. Clayton came up from Oshkosh last Saturday, remaining several days with friends in this city.

Joseph Forsyth, who is now dwelling on a homestead near Gagen, was a visitor in the city last Thursday.

Remember the Woodman masquerade ball at the New Grand opera house on Monday, Dec.31—New Year's Eve.

If the new woman will bring her old man to us, we guarantee to make a new man of him. EVENSON & SEIBEL.

Frank Steiner, editor of the Three Lakes Enterprise, transacted business in the city the latter part of last week.

Mrs. I. R. Weesner is at Wabash, Indiana, the guest of relatives and friends. She will remain till after the holidays.

Mrs. I. A. Tuttle, of Oshkosh, arrived in the city Friday, to visit her sister Mrs. Seabury and her son Merle Tuttle.

Mrs. A. E. Weesner returned Saturday morning, after an absence of three months spent at Syracuse, N. Y., her old home.

Mrs. Kate Pier and daughter, Miss Harriet Pier, of Milwaukee, arrived in the city last Saturday, remaining a few days to look after their extensive property interests.

The swamps in the woods are now frozen over and the loggers are anxiously awaiting a fall of snow in order to more successfully carry on their logging operations.

It is said that Governor-Elect La Follette has 4,000 applications for appointments. The "swearing train" will be loaded.

Will Young, who has been a guest at the home of his uncle, Louis Yenor, returned to his home in Gladstone, Mich., last Thursday.

Mrs. L. J. Billings, who has been numbered with the sick and ailing, was able to be up Monday for the first time in several days.

E. A. Weesner, the local wide-awake insurance man, was a visitor at Tony, west of here on the Soo Line, the fore part of the week.

The fine music by the orchestra of the People's Players, is alone worth the price of admission. At the Grand opera house all next week.

Mrs. E. G. Squier and little daughter Verna left Monday for Milwaukee. Mrs. Squier went there to have the little girl's eyes treated.

LOST—Black sweater, between this office and the Sixth ward grocery store. Finder please leave at E. D. Galineau's barber shop. 1w

Miss Freda Hennig of, Oshkosh, arrived in the city last Saturday, remaining till Monday, the guest of her brother and sister, Ernest and Meta.

Rev. Fr. Peter Schmitz left Monday morning for Antigo, where he attended thirteen hour devotional services the following day. He returned home yesterday.

Col. and Mrs. P. H. Swift, of Rice Lake, arrived in the city last Monday evening to remain the balance of the week, guests of their son, W. L. Swift, and family.

Rev. Thomas Walker left Saturday for Antigo, where he delivered a sermon Sunday, upon request of members of the First Baptist church. He returned home Tuesday.

The express companies are making great prepartions for the holiday rush of business. For several days it will be the swearing season for the express messengers and agents.

The Arion orchestra will be a factor in drawing a crowd to the Elks' charity ball tonight. Will it be nice? Well, I should say so. None better in the land.

A deaf mute has been in the city during the week gathering information for a book he intends to publish. It will appertain to the industries of northern Wisconsin and the customs of our people

The new county officers will assume their respective positions at the court house a week from next Tuesday, the first of the year. The duties are new to some of them, but they will soon catch on.

H. Lewis has put in a couple of the new gasoline arc lights at his liquor store. It is in the nature of an experiment with him, he says. If satisfied, he will place several in his clothing store.

The ladies of St. Augustine's Guild held a ten cent coffee at the home of Mrs. Paul Browne last Saturday afternoon. The patronage was quite liberal and all present report having enjoyed a very pleasant afternoon.

Remember The New North's combination offer. This is to new subscribers and those who pay up arrears and one year in advance. This is a liberal offer that all should take advantage of.

Wm. Hardell returned Saturday morning after an absence of a week spent at Cameron, where he went to purchase live stock, which he readily disposed to the Brown-Robbins Lumber company.

Frank Langdon got so enthusiastic in his work at the screen door factory last Thursday that he pounded the thumb on his left hand with a hammer, since which time he has been taking a lay-off.

C. J. Brown, who has been foreman at the Wabash Screen Door factory for the past seven years, tendered his resignation last Saturday, to take effect immediately. The news came as a surprise to Charley's many friends, who had grown to believe that he was a permanent fixture in that establishment. We have it from Mr. Brown that he will continue to make Rhinelander his home. He expects to engage in business here, but has not as yet decided what line he will turn his attention to. Charley is too good a citizen to lose and we are very glad indeed to know that he will continue to be one among us. Without him, a political demonstration or a celebration would be a tame affair.

Miss Kelley, who has been in the city for several weeks past, soliciting for stereopticon views, left Monday for Woodruff. From there she will go to her home at Whitewater.

Mrs. B. Donovan returned last Monday to her home at Ironwood, after a few days' visit in this city, a guest at the home of her brother, W. H. Gilligan.

Chas. Guyette, the Western Express delivery and drayman, purchased the Fenelon delivery team last week and is now better prepared than ever to attend to the wants of the patrons of his line.

Miss Bertha Sweet entertained a company of about forty of her young friends at a birthday party last Thursday evening. Refreshments were served and all reported having a good time.

Robert Mountain had the misfortune to lose a memorandum book last Satdrday, containing a check for $900. The check was in payment for some property the gentleman had just sold at Crandon.

E. B. Flagg, Sr., of Pentwater, Mich., who had been in the city for about ten days, the guest of his son, E. B. Flagg, Jr., left Monday for Bessemer, Mich., where he will remain for a few days before returning to his home.

Services will continue to be held at the Baptist church the balance of the week. They are being conducted by Rev. Hansen, of Antigo, who is a very interesting talker. The public is cordially invited to attend the services.

Mrs. E. O. Brown has been seriously ill of late, suffering with muscular rheumatism. At one time last week her condition was considered critical, but at the present time we are pleased to state that she is somewhat improved.

The time is drawing near for the opening of another municipal campaign, and if the signs of the times do not fail, it will be a warm one. It is time we cast our optics in search of men to fill our positions of public trust.

The dance given at the New Grand opera house last Friday night was a very pleasant affair. It was given under the auspices the High school foot ball boys and netted them a nice little sum. The music was furnished by Bruso Bros.' orchestra.

J. H. Morgan, the local representative of the Armour Packing company, closed a deal last Monday whereby he became the owner of the G. H. Clark residence property. The consideration was $2,000.

The children are anxiously waiting for the annual visit of Santa Claus and it is our wish that not one of them be disappointed. It is the merry season for the little tots and it must be a coldhearted man who cannot enter into the spirit of the occasion for the sakes of the little ones.

W. L. Beers and H. S. Lewis were visitors in Chicago the latter part of last week on business connected with the sale of the new gasoline arc light. The company manufacturing finds it difficult to supply the demand. The gentlemen returned Sunday morning.

The Independent Order of Foresters will give their annual ball at the Armory hall on the night of Dec. 31. The members are making extraordinary preparations to make the affairs a great social event. The music will be furnished by Squier's orchestra.

Every dancer in the city should be at the Armory hall this evening to attend the Elks' charity ball. It will be the swellest event of the season and every preparation has been made to make it a grand social and financial success. The Arion orchestra of Oshkosh, will furnish the music. There is none better in the state. The proceeds will go to the needy in the city. This is truly a worthy movement on the part of the Elks and should issue a large attendance.

Shooting Stars.

Sir Robert Ball, the eminent astronomer, once told an audience that any one who took the trouble to lie on his back on the ground and gaze at a clear night sky would, as his eyes became accustomed to the heavens, soon perceive numbers of shooting stars.

Bottles of perfume, still fresh, and jars of pomade that had not lost its fragrance have been recovered from Herculaneum and Pompeii.

Children have more need of models than of critics.

The Liederkranz third annual ball given at the New Grand opera house last Monday evening was an unusually pleasant affair. The members held up well their reputation as entertainers. Their undertakings in the amusement line are always successful. The music was furnished by Bruso Bros.' orchestra.

The People's Players gave excellent satisfaction in their three nights entertainment here last week. The company is an exceptionally good one, and is well equipped with special scenery, an orchestra and band.—Journal River Falls (Wis) Nov. 1, 1900. At the Grand all next week.

There will be services at St. Augustine's Episcopal church on Christmas day, Dec. 25th at 7:30 a. m. and at 10 o'clock a. m. The latter with music and sermon. There will also be christmas services the following Sunday.

D. R. Elliott, who represents the interests of the Morton-Edgar Lumber company in northern Wisconsin, with headquarters in this city, received the very sad intelligence last Friday that his father was injured by a runaway accident that day. Mr. Elliott left on the limited that night for Madison.

City Clerk Carr has completed the tax roll and turned the same over to City Treasurer Sutton, who is now ready to entertain all comers. Taxes, like death, are unavoidable. The taxes are about one sixth per cent, higher than they were last year, an increase that is not very noticeable, at least to a majority.

A meeting of the local auxiliary of the Wisconsin Valley Advancement association was held Monday evening. The gathering was for the purpose of making recommendations for appointments of local directors of the association. The name of W. E. Brown and John Barnes were recommended as directors to succeed themselves.

The county board will meet on the 7th of January, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. The meeting is called mainly for the purpose of settling with the old county officers and approving the bonds of the new ones. County Clerk Brennan says, though, that meet for the purpose of driving out the democrats and inaugurating republicans.

The friends in this city of Mrs. Lena Anderson, of Three Lakes, are highly pleased to learn of her appointment as postmistress at Three Lakes, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of her husband. The appointment was announced in the Milwaukee Sentinel last Saturday. The appointee is a capable and deserving lady and has the congratulations of her friends throughout the county.

N. Emerson, of Minneapolis, formerly a resident of Tomahawk, was in the city the fore part of the week. He came here from the northern part of the county, where he looked over some timber lands with a view of buying. Mr. Emerson left Tuesday morning for Tomahawk to attend the meeting of the Wisconsin Valley Advancement association.

In "What Happened to Jones" which comes to the Grand opera house, Friday, Dec. 28, George H. Broadhurst has provided a farce that provokes genuine and healthy laughter, its situations are so extremely humorous, and its lines so bright and genuine witty. The story that furnishes the ground work for the play is quite simple, but there is not a dull moment from the opening to the fall of the curtain.

The home of Mrs. S. H. Johnson was the scene of a very pleasant affair last Friday evening. The occasion was a 5 o'clock tea, in honor of Mrs. Johnson's mother, Mrs. M. E. Brown, of St. Joseph, Mich. The following ladies were present: Mesdames S. Tuttle, Thomas Walker, S. H. Alban, Cowan, E. R. Hart and C. D Bronson. A very pleasant afternoon is the verdict of those in attendance.

The schools close Friday, December 21st inst., for the holiday vacation and will open Wednesday, January 2nd. On account of the short time school has been in session, several of the teachers who usually spend their vacation at their homes will remain in the city. Principal and Mrs. Lowell will spend Christmas with Mrs. Lowell's mother at Waupaca, after which Mr. Lowell will go to Milwaukee to attend the meeting of the State Teacher's Association. Miss Germond and Miss Sullivan will also be at the meeting. Miss Fox spends her vacation at her home at Hinsdale., Miss Dillingham at Baraboo, Misses DeLearner and Banford at Fond du Lac. Misses Roche and French at Merrill, and Mrs. Dean at Antigo.

"There is not one cloud on the business horizon," said a well known traveling man to The New North representative a few days ago. Continuing along the same line, he said: "The volume and condition of trade at the present time is unparalled in the history of the country. My territory comprises several states and in every town I make, I find the people on 'Easy street' with every indication for even expansion in the channels of trade."

As yet that speculative inclined person has not put in an appearance with a view of erecting cottages or flats in our city. We must have them and it is the intention of The New North to keep pounding away till we get them. We know of no better place in the world for the investment of money along the line suggested than right here in Rhinelander. Who will take advantage of this opportunity?

D. R. Elliott, vice-president of the Morgan-Edgar Lumber company, of Platteville, Wis., closed a deal of considerable importance last week. His company has become the owner of the McKinsey mill property, near Clifford on the Soo line, which includes eighteen forties of fine hardwood land. According to a statement made by Mr. Elliott, the company will do considerable logging on the property this winter, intending to put in at least 2,000,000 feet.

The Tomahawk in speaking of the deal, says: "The McKinsey mill is located only a short distance from the station of Clifford on the Soo Line in the extreme northwestern corner of Lincoln county. It is right in the center of an extensive hardwood section, covering portions of Lincoln, Oneida and Price counties.

"The Morton Edgar company already have considerable holdings in the neighborhood of Tripoli, Lincoln County, two or three miles this side of the McKinsey property, and have recently finished the building of a planing mill there, the company handling at this point the output of the Stolle mill.

"The purchase of the McKinsey property by Mr. Elliott is of considerable importance to that section of the county, as his concern have ample capital to handle the business and under the new management the mill afford ready market to the numerous new settlers in that section for all their timber products."

Miss Elizabeth Moneell, who is attending the Toland Business college at Wausau, came home Friday, to remain till after the holidays.

Geo. Kelley, who is a student at the Cream City Business college, in Milwaukee, came home this morning to spend the holidays at his parental home.

We regret to note that the youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Feazel closed her eyes Sunday in that sleep called death after a brief illness. Everything that love could do for the recovery of the little one was done. The funeral was held Tuesday, from the M. E. church, the Rev. D. E. Bullock officiating. The bereaved parents have the sympathy of their many friends in their hour of grief.

Patronize Home Merchants.

The big mail order houses are flooding Rhinelander with their catalogues of Christmas presents, but if the people will only take the trouble to compare goods and prices with home merchants who advertise in The New North, they will find they can do much better at home. Don't take our word for it; but at least test the matter by getting home prices first.

We Buy as Low as We Can—
That's Business Sense.

We Sell as Low as We Can—
That's Progressive Sense,

You Buy as Low as You Can—
That's Common Sense.

You Buy of Us—
That's Dollars and Cents for Both of Us.

STOVES

STOVES

Your good sense will tell you that we have as fine a line of heating and cook stoves as you will care to look at—if you call.

Let us Supply Your Wants in this line. It is to your interest

DUNN & WOOD

Successors to CLARK & LENNON.

NEW NORTH.

RHINELANDER PRINTING COMPANY.

RHINELANDER, - WISCONSIN.

Bermuda provides beautiful roads for cyclists. The roadbeds are of coral, smooth as the floor of a bedroom, and as clean as it is possible for any road to be. The delights of a spin on one's bike in the neighborhood of any city in these delightful isles are beyond comparison.

Peter J. Carolus, judge of a St. Louis police court, suggests a new way of solving the tramp problem. He suggests that all vagrants be sent to some lonely island in the Pacific, where they would get strict military instruction for six months, after which they should be sent to chase Aguinaldo in the Philippine islands.

Edmund A. Vogelsang, of Chicago, has received from his brother Otto a present of the most valuable pipe in the world. It is held to be worth no less than $10,000, considering the time spent in its construction, apart from its artistic and historical value. The pipe represents the labor of 18 years of the life of Rev. Father Adolph Ebel.

Advantages accruing from a recent heavy rainfall in Western Texas have been largely offset by the fact that the unusual supply of moisture has greatly increased the growth of the loco weed. Many horses and cattle have died from eating this insidiously poisonous weed. Exactly what the element of poison in this weed is has never been fully determined.

In setting and distributing type a compositor's hand travels on an average of 11 miles a day. Leaving Sundays and holidays out of account, this means about 3,000 miles a year. More than half the deaths among compositors are due to lung diseases. In the course of his lifetime an average man gets through about 2,500 miles of reading matter.

The United States once tried the half cent, in imitation of the cheap and nasty farthing of England. For more than half a century, from 1793 to 1857, it indulged itself in coining half cents to the magnificent aggregate of 7,985,222, worth $39,926.11. Then having reached the age of discretion in small things, it put away such childish things as half cents and has never regretted it.

Russian photographers who are unable to get a settlement from their sitters hang the portraits of the latter upside down in the showcases before their studios. The significance of this position is, of course, understood by the general public, and it is said that photographers' debtors in many instances hasten to place themselves right again in the eyes of their fellow townsmen.

In the New Hebrides human life has been made safer by the introduction of pigs into the island. The cannibals are said to prefer roast pork to roast man, and as the porcine tribe increases among the natives they may give up their feasts on human flesh altogether, excepting when something unusual happens, such as entertaining a king of some other cannibal island or state occasions of rare ceremony.

Twenty miles from the town of Bozeman, Idaho, is an establishment devoted entirely to the raising of wild animals. The stock is made up exclusively of the wildest, rarest and most ferocious creatures. This animal farm is owned and operated by Mr. Richard W. Rock, who has spent all his life in the west. As trader, hunter, scout and animal fancier he has been the hero of remarkable exploits. Thirty years ago he was a valued scout for Gens. Gibbon, Hayden and Howard.

Mark Twain detests the autograph hunter. To an applicant on one occasion he sent a letter, the substance of which is as follows: To ask a doctor or builder or sculptor for his autograph would be in no way rude. To ask one of these for a specimen of his work, however, is quite another thing, and the request might be justifiably refused. It would never be fair to ask a doctor for one of his corpses to remember him by. There was no autograph to the letter, which was typewritten throughout.

Passengers who travel on the new Siberian railroad will find all the comforts of home on the cars. Journeys may be long, but the trains will furnish libraries, pianos, barber shops, hot and cold water, and every possible convenience for their occupants. There will be physicians aboard and no cost will be made for medical attendance. Porters, who can speak all languages, and who, it may be understood, will not be averse to accepting tips, will also be on the trains. Any one with a sufficient amount of money can enjoy thoroughly the seven days' trip from St. Petersburg to Irkutsk.

Capt. Bernier, of Quebec, has gained the support of Sir Clements Markham, president of the Royal Geographical society, for his scheme to reach the north pole, and hopes the British government will co-operate with the Canadian minister. His plans contemplate an expedition from Vancouver, with a wooden or steel ship, a crew of six sailors and five scientists. Entering the polar basin in August, a month earlier than Nansen did, the ship would begin to drift 300 miles farther east than Nansen's vessel did.

APPROVES THE CUT.

House Passes Measure Reducing the War Tax.

THE COMMITTEE'S BILL IS ADOPTED.

No Record Vote Is Taken—Stamps No Longer to Be Required on Checks, Telegrams or Proprietary Articles.

Washington, Dec. 17.—Reduction of the war taxes is an accomplished fact so far as the house is concerned. The repeal bill was passed Saturday afternoon without the necessity of a record vote. The democratic leaders agreed on a resolution ordering the bill to be recommitted with an instruction to the ways and means committee to report back an income tax so as to permit of a reduction of $70,000,000 in the ordinary revenues. This provoked the only test vote, the resolution being defeated 155 to 131.

When the bill was in committee of the whole Friday a special paragraph was agreed upon retaining the tax on express receipts and making the companies pay it. When the repeal bill was reported to the house Saturday the action in the committee of the whole was reversed, and the taxation of express receipts was repealed, with the other stamp taxes.

The revenue repeal bill as it passed the house is exactly as recommended by the committee. It fixes the tax on beer at $1.60 per barrel, which is 60 cents more than the regular beer tax and 25 cents less than the tax under the war revenue act. The bill passed remits and repeals all of the stamp taxes, including those on checks, telegrams, express receipts, deeds, mortgages and other conveyances, but it leaves intact the stamp taxes on all transactions on boards of trade and stock exchanges and on all stocks, bonds and debentures. It takes off the stamp taxes on proprietary articles entirely. It leaves the special taxes on bankers and the excise taxes on sugar and oil refineries. It takes off the 60 cents additional tax on cigars imposed by the act of 1898. The taxation of inheritances is left as in the war revenue act, except that the tax is remitted on all bequests to charitable and religious associations, and there is also to be no tax on estates wherein the testator died prior to June 13, 1898.

Under the concurrent resolution already passed the house will adjourn over the holidays on Friday. The week in the house is not likely to be important unless the river and harbor appropriation bill should be taken up Wednesday or Thursday.

Pension Bill Passed.

Washington, Dec. 17.—In committee of the whole Saturday the house took up the consideration of the pension appropriation bill. Mr. Barney, of Wisconsin, stated that there was no new legislation in the bill. It was an exact copy of the bill for the current year, both as to language and amount. It carried $145,145,230. The bill was read through and passed without debate or amendment in exactly 13 minutes.

Hawaii Now Represented.

Washington, Dec. 17.—Robert W. Wilcox, the delegate from Hawaii, was sworn in immediately after the approval of the journal in the house Saturday. Mr. Wilcox was escorted to the bar of the house by Mr. Perea, the delegate from New Mexico. After the oath had been administered many members came forward to congratulate Mr. Wilcox.

Senate Proceedings.

Washington, Dec. 17.—Senator Nelson (Minn.) gave notice when the senate convened Saturday that on January 12 he would present resolutions relative to the death of his colleague, Senator Davis, and ask that business be suspended to pronounce eulogies on the distinguished services of the deceased.

The senate will devote the greater part of its time this week to consideration of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty if it should be necessary to do so in order to get the ratification resolution acted upon, and in case there is any surplus time it will be devoted to the consideration of the ship subsidy bill. None of the appropriation bills can be reported to the senate in time for consideration during this week or until after the holidays, and the same may be said of the army bill.

Will Not Punish the South.

Washington, Dec. 17.—No southern state that has deprived negroes of the right of suffrage by constitutional amendment will be punished for this violation of the provisions of the fifteenth amendment by a loss of representation in congress. The house committee on census by unanimous vote Friday decided to lay aside all propositions which have been offered with a view to bringing about special reduction of southern representation for any cause.

Representative Crumpacker, of Indiana, who has introduced a bill cutting off representatives from North Carolina, Virginia, Mississippi and other states, was not present at Saturday's meeting of the committee, but he will attend at another meeting to be held at two o'clock this afternoon and will doubtless demand a rehearing and another vote on the proposition.

There is hardly any reason to doubt that Mr. Crumpacker will be alone on the committee in the effort to punish southern states that have cut out the negro voter, because the democrats are solidly against his bill as a matter of politics and his republican colleagues are willing to follow the lead of President McKinley.

The committee Saturday by an informal vote also decided to retain the membership of the house at 357, which is the present number. Six members voted in favor and five against this proposition.

The greatest difficulty that seems to confront the makers of the new apportionment is not to provide enough districts for everybody concerned, but to provide sitting room in the house for additional members.

NOTED JOURNALIST DEAD.

Oswald Ottendorffer, Editor of the New York Staats Zeitung, Passes Away.

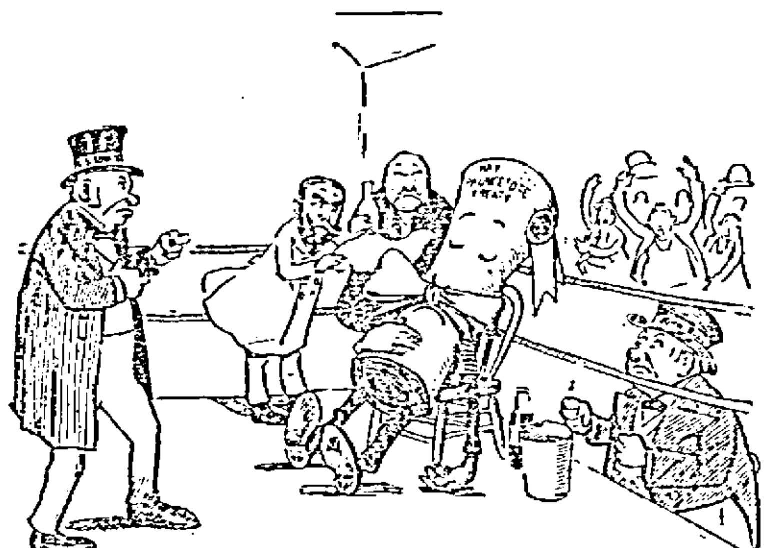
New York, Dec. 17.—Oswald Ottendorfer, editor of the Staats Zeitung, died at his home in this city Sunday.

[Oswald Ottendorffer was born February 26, 1826, in Zewittau, Austria. In 1848 he entered the University of Vienna. When the fight for the liberation of Schleswig-Holstein from Danish rule began he joined the ranks of the volunteers. After the contest was over he joined the revolutionary forces in Vienna. When this movement was defeated he escaped from the city and went to Saxony with the intention of entering the University of Leipsic. Fearing extradition to Austria, he gave up the plan and emigrated to the United States, where he began life as a laborer. On becoming a naturalized citizen, he connected himself with the democratic party. In 1851 he entered the employ of the Staats Zeitung, and in 1858 became its editor. In August, 1859, he married the widow of Jacob Uhl, former proprietor of the newspaper. He became president of the Liederkranz Singing society, an incorporator of the German savings bank and the Germania Fire Insurance company. Mr. Ottendorffer entered actively in political life, and in 1860 was sent as a Douglas delegate to the democratic national convention in Charleston. When the republicans nominated Abraham Lincoln, Ottendorffer opposed the fusion of the other factions. After Lincoln's election he worked hard to maintain peace and opposed secession.

After the war he devoted his attention to local and state politics, and directed his opposition especially to Tammany Hall, which had become all powerful under the leadership of William M. Tweed. In October, 1871, Ottendorffer appeared as the speaker of the anti-Tammanyites before the Rochester convention, protesting against the admission of the Tammany delegation. He succeeded in this undertaking, and Tammany Hall and the Tweed ring were beaten. In 1872 the nomination for the mayoralty was offered him, but he refused it.

With his wife, Mr. Ottendorffer founded and endowed the Old Peoples' home in Astoria. They had built and endowed the German dispensary in connection with the circulating library in Second avenue, New York. He erected in his native town in Austria an orphan asylum, a poorhouse, a school, a hospital, a library and other institutions, which he endowed richly. How highly his work was appreciated may be seen from the fact that the emperor of Austria sent him a high decoration, which Ottendorffer, as an American citizen, refused to accept. The emperor thereupon wrote him a very flattering letter concerning his many philanthropical acts.]

THE HAY-PAUNCEFOTE TREATY GETS A KNOCKOUT BLOW.



To Organize New Order.

Indianapolis, Ind., Dec. 17.—Telegrams were sent out from the supreme headquarters of the Order of Chosen Friends in this city Saturday calling a meeting of members of the supreme council, supreme trustees and past supreme councilors in this city next Tuesday, for the purpose of organizing a new fraternal beneficiary association.

Sneak Thief Makes Good Haul.

Chicago, Dec. 17.—Two packages of bank notes containing $500 each were stolen from the cashier's counter in the wholesale stamp department of the post office.

J. Addison Porter Dead.

Pomfret, Conn., Dec. 17.—John Addison Porter, former private secretary to President McKinley, died a few minutes before two o'clock p. m. Saturday.

WORRY FOR BRITAIN.

Blow Dealt to Her Arms Was a Crushing One.

NATION STAGGERED BY DISASTER.

Further Reports of Thursday's Defeat—British Force Retires After Losing 14 Killed and 555 Taken Prisoners.

London, Dec. 17.—All England is shocked over the ominous report sent to the war office by Lord Kitchener. It contains news of one of the most crushing disasters to British arms since the beginning of the campaign. Coming as it does on the anniversary of the battle of Colenso there are not a few who express the fear that the hand of Providence will be against the English in this conflict. The incoherent and hysterical dispatches of Lord Kitchener create the fear that the situation is much more alarming than the official reports infer. His statement that four companies of Northumberland fusileers are missing is generally believed to mean that they have been captured by the Boers.

Kitchener's Message.

London, Dec. 17.—Lord Kitchener's message to the war office is as follows:

"Pretoria, Dec. 14.—Clements brought in his force to Commando Nek, unopposed. The casualties were, I regret to say, heavy—killed, five officers and nine of other ranks; missing, 18 officers and 555 of other ranks. These latter were four companies of the Northumberland fusileers, who were stationed on the hill, and some yeomanry and other details sent up to support them. Names and nature of wounds are being telegraphed from Cape Town.

"Broadwood's brigade took no part in the engagement. The Boers suffered severely. Knox drove De Wet north to the Thabanchu-Ladybrand line, which was held by our troops. De Wet's force, about 2,000 strong, made several attempts to get through during the day, assisted by a force of Boers operating from the north. These attacks were driven back, though some of the Boers from the south were able to get through the line."

Reports Loss to De Wet.

Wiring later, December 14, Lord Kitchener reports that while passing the lines in neighborhood of Thabanchu De Wet's force lost considerably. The South African light horse and Thorneycroft's mounted infantry captured a 15-pounder, taken at De Wetsdorp, a pompon, several wagons with ammunition, 22 prisoners and some horses and mules. A portion of the enemy has not been able to pass north.

Under date of December 13 Lord Kitchener reports to the war office from Pretoria as follows:

"Clements has come to see me. He says that four companies of the Northumberlands held out on the hill as long as their ammunition lasted. The Boer force attacking the hill was 2,000 strong, while another force of 1,000 attacked Clements' camp. By 6:30 a. m. the hill was carried. Reenforcements of one company of the Yorkshires failed to reach the top. Clements' retirement was carried out with regularity, but, as many native drivers bolted, a considerable amount of transportation was lost. All their ammunition not taken away was destroyed. He reports that all behaved well.

Joubert's Son Killed.

"Broadwood has gone to Rustenberg and supports Oliphant's Nek, which has been reenforced. A flag of truce, which has come into Commando Nek, from the Boers, says Joubert's son was killed, and further reports their losses as heavy."

Confirms Worst Fears.

Gen. Kitchener's supplementary dispatch referring to the disaster at the Magaliesberg confirms Friday's most pessimistic fears and demonstrates that the catastrophe is among the worst of the war. The matter was brought up in the house of commons Saturday, but the secretary for war, Mr. William St. John Brodrick, had no information to add, except that the wounded numbered six officers and 45 men.

Attack on Buller.

The newspapers see prearrangement in the recrudescence of Boer activity everywhere, the object being to strengthen Mr. Kruger's hands, while the fact that the news of the fresh disaster comes on the anniversary of the battle of Colenso furnishes the editors with an excuse to demand the head of Gen. Buller. The St. James Gazette declares it has reason to credit the National Review's recent statement that Buller, after his first failure to drive the Boers from the Tugela, counseled Gen. White to surrender Ladysmith.

The St. James Gazette holds Buller alone blameable for the disasters of the Tugela campaign, and says:

"When comparable blunders occurred in the navy a court-martial meted out justice. Why, therefore, should not the same rule hold good in the army?"

In contrast with the apparent insufficiency of the troops to master the situation in South Africa comes a revelation of the military resources at home still at the disposition of the government in Saturday's announcement that 46,000 troops will be sent from Aldershot to London to participate in Lord Roberts' triumphal entry January 3.

Needs More Men and Money.

The London military experts declare with one voice that the extraordinary activity of the Boers just now is occasioned by a desire to make a strong showing in the field in order to assist President Kruger in his European negotiations. On the other hand, however, there is a growing conviction that many more soldiers will be needed in South Africa before the war can be brought to a close. That money and men will be expended until Great Britain has accomplished her purpose goes without saying, but it is daily more apparent how utterly weary the nation is of the inglorious struggle.

Lord Kitchener, it is feared, will find that 210,000 men are not enough to cope with the difficulties besetting him. He is said to have peremptorily demanded that the imperial government dispatch immediately every available mounted man.

More News from Kitchener.

London, Dec. 17.—The following dispatch has been received by the war office from Lord Kitchener:

"Pretoria, Dec. 16.—Five officers and 236 men, Magaliesberg prisoners, have been released.

"The Boers surrounded and captured 120 of Brabant's horse in a defile in the Zastron district.

"Col. Remfeld, moving on Vryheid, defeated the Boers with heavy loss, driving them from Scheepers Nek and capturing a quantity of arms. The Scheepers Nek movement occurred December 13.

"The Boers who attacked Vryheid, December 19, lost 100 killed and wounded before they retired. The fighting lasted all day, the enemy drawing off at 7:30 p. m. The British loss was six killed, 19 wounded and 30 missing. Our casualties include two officers, who died of their wounds."

Wiring from Pretoria yesterday (Sunday), Lord Kitchener, after announcing that the released Magaliesberg prisoners have arrived at Rustenberg, says that the Boer force divided into two portions, one moving south and the other west.

Will Protest.

London, Dec. 17.—The Society of Friends of the United Kingdom are about to memorialize Lord Salisbury protesting against the burning of homes, causing great suffering to women and children, as a means of checking the destruction of railways or effecting the submission of combatants. This, the memorial will say, is a reversion to the inhuman methods of ancient and medieval warfare.

Parliament Prorogued.

London, Dec. 17.—Parliament was dismissed Saturday, until the middle of February, with the reading of the shortest of the queen's speeches. It was as follows:

"My Lords and Gentlemen: I thank you for the liberal provision you have made for the expenses incurred by the operations of my armies in South Africa and China."

The proceedings Saturday in the house of commons were a repetition in miniature of the debates of the brief session. The ministers were heckled, the war was virulently denounced, and Mr. Chamberlain was further attacked. The war funds were finally voted after the secretary of state for war, Mr. Brodrick, had given assurance that the government, during recess, would cordially cooperate with Gen. Kitchener in an endeavor to end the war.

A POISON MYSTERY.

Four Persons Dead and Three Dying in a Settlement Near Marietta, O.

Marietta, O., Dec. 17.—As a result of a mysterious case of poisoning at Forsythe Mines, near here, four persons are dead, three are dying and two others are seriously ill. Jealousy is hinted as the motive for the crime. The dead are: Andrew Barnick, Mary Laichak, Andrew Latchie, and a child, name not given.

The coroner and a physician went to the place and learned that all the victims had died in great agony, suffering without a doubt from poison. A postmortem was held at once on the bodies and the stomachs were secured for analysis. The people all lived close to each other and were all taken ill Friday night, after having eaten supper. There are many signs that poison had been placed in their food, but by whom is yet to be determined. Barnick, the dead man, was to have been married on Monday to Rose Laichak, a sister of the dead woman. It is believed that some one, jealous of the two who were on the eve of marriage, committed the deed.

A TOWN LOOTED.

Five Men Lock Up Town Marshal of Brighton, Ill., Rob Four Stores and a Bank.

St. Louis, Dec. 17.—Five unidentified men, garbed as tramps, who asked shelter in the calaboose at midnight Friday, overpowered the village marshal of Brighton, Ill., locked him in a cell, and then broke into a bank and two stores. They attempted to get into the vault of Blodgett Bros.' bank, in which there was a large amount of money, but were unsuccessful, although the strong box was partially wrecked by several explosions of dynamite. Failing there, the robbers entered the general store of E. Butler, where they broke into the safe and secured $100. Soon after entering another store, Butler's store was discovered on fire. Before the flames were subdued a loss of several thousand dollars resulted. The robbers then escaped on a hand car. When the marshal was liberated he organized a posse and started after the robbers with bloodhounds. Brighton is a village of 1,000 inhabitants, northeast of Alton, Ill.

Big Foundry Burned.

Sheboygan, Wis., Dec. 17.—The immense plant of Zschitsche & Sons, tanners, was totally destroyed by fire Sunday morning. The cause of the fire is unknown. Loss, $150,000; fully covered by insurance. The flames, fanned by a high wind, scorched the big furniture plant of the Mattoon Manufacturing company, adjoining, whose loss will be several thousand dollars.

Gompers Reelected.

Louisville, Ky., Dec. 17.—The twentieth annual convention of the American Federation of Labor adjourned sine die Saturday night, after selecting the city of Scranton, Pa., for next year's convention. Samuel Gomper's was reelected president. The convention closed with the singing of "Auld Lang Syne," led by the Scotch delegate.

Has Not Decided.

The Hague, Dec. 17.—In reply to a dispatch from Grand Rapids, Mich., inviting him to the United States, Mr. Kruger has wired that he has not arrived at any decision with regard to visiting America.

VENGEANCE OF A MOB

Infuriated Citizens of Rockport, Ind., Lynch Two Negroes.

HAD MURDERED POPULAR YOUNG MAN

Traced by a Bloodhound, the Brutes Are Captured—Mob Breaks Into the Jail—Hanged and Bodies Filled with Bullets.

Indianapolis, Ind., Dec. 17.—A special to the Sentinel from Rockport, Ind., says: Two negroes, Jim Henderson and Bud Rowlands, who waylaid, brutally murdered and robbed Hollie Simons, a white barber, early Sunday morning, were lynched in the jailyard by a mob of 1,000 frenzied citizens Sunday night. The negroes were arrested early and, although Rowlands' clothing had bloodstains on it, the men claimed they were innocent of the crime. In the meantime Sheriff Clemens, of Union county, Kentucky, arrived with a trained bloodhound in response to a telegraphic summons.

Traced by a Bloodhound.

When the dog was placed on the trail he followed it until he reached the house where Rowlands lived, six blocks from the scene of the murder, and went baying to the bed the negro had occupied. This was enough for the excited citizens. Within a few minutes a mob of a thousand howling, bloodthirsty citizens, with sledge hammers, ropes and guns, were running to the jail. Sheriff Anderson and his two deputies made a stand and attempted to protect the prisoners. The officers were seized by the leaders of the mob, who disarmed them. The sheriff was then locked in a room and placed under guard, but he stoutly refused to give up the keys or tell where the prisoners were hidden.

Rowlands Hanged.

Failing to get the keys, the mob made a determined but unsuccessful attempt to break in the jail door. By this time the would-be lynchers were in a perfect frenzy, and, securing a telegraph pole, they used it as a battering ram and caved in the side wall of the jail. The door of Rowland's cell was then quickly broken in with sledges and he was dragged from the jail to the east side of the courtyard, where a noose was placed about his neck. He was given time to make a statement, in which he implicated Jim Henderson and another negro. Rowlands then begged piteously for mercy, but the mob swiftly swung the confessed murderer to a tree and riddled his body with bullets.

Fate of Henderson.

Leaving the body of Rowlands dangling from the limb of the tree, the mob rushed back to the jail and attempted to burst open the cell occupied by Henderson, but before the steel bars yielded to the blows of the sledges some one in the crowd fired upon the terrified negro as he crouched in the corner of his cell. A few moments more and the door of the cell was broken in. The negro, more dead than alive, was dragged at a rope's end to the courthouse yard and swung on the tree beside the body of Rowlands.

Proved an Alibi.

Firing a parting volley at the swinging bodies, the mob, eager for another victim, hurried away to catch the other negro implicated by Rowlands in his confession. He was found at a hotel, where he was employed as a porter. The negro escaped to the roof of the building, and Manager Debruler succeeded in convincing the mob that the porter had nothing to do with the crime, proving an alibi for him. The mob then dispersed, apparently satisfied with its awful work of vengeance.

Their Crime.

The negroes' victim, Simons, was waylaid and murdered in the most brutal manner one square from the main street of the city, as he was going to his home from his barber shop, at two o'clock in the morning. As was customary with him, he carried the receipts of the day at his place of business. The negroes were aware of this, and evidently laid their plans accordingly. Crouching behind a fence, they awaited their victim and jumped from their place of concealment and attacked him from behind, striking him over the head with a heavy club with a large nail driven into the end of it.

Beaten to Death.

Although terribly beaten, Simons made a desperate fight, and his cries and struggles soon attracted two boys, who went to his assistance, but they were a moment too late, the victim of the two negroes had succumbed to the terrible beating, and was lying dead at their feet. The murderers then drove the would-be rescuers away, and accomplished their original design—that of robbery—securing a bag containing something over $40 from the prostrate form of their victim, and made their escape. Simons was terribly beaten; his skull crushed in, his head and face beaten into a pulp. Four gaping wounds showed where the spike on the club had punctured the dead man's skull, and penetrated his brain.

Driven Insane.

Walter Evans, one of the young men who attempted to save Simons' life, and who afterwards assisted in the removing of the dead man's remains to his home, was greatly affected, and almost suffered nervous collapse. He witnessed the lynching, and he is now a raving maniac.

The dead man's wife is prostrated, and it is believed she will die from the shock. Hollie Simons came here from Winslow, Ind., three years ago, and was a popular young man.

HAS UNIQUE RECORD.

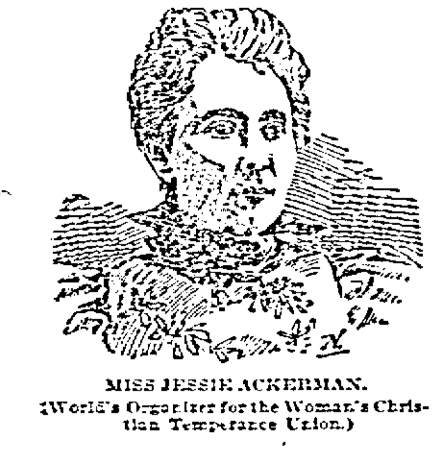
Twice Around the World in the Cause of Temperance.

Miss Jessie Ackerman, World's Organizer for the W. C. T. U., Has Visited Almost Every Country on the Globe.

Miss Jessie Ackerman, world's organizer for the W. C. T. U., known as the greatest woman traveler on earth, and also a writer of note, has passed around the globe twice, and up and down its surface until she finds it difficult to keep track of the milestones of the different countries she has visited. Her traveling has been, as she says herself, for "Christ and temperance." The sights Miss Ackerman has witnessed and the lands she has visited entirely alone would be enough to gladden and appall a more seasoned traveler than she was at her starting out. When it is realized that every dollar of the money needed for the untold expense of her journey has been earned by the intrepid worker, the nature and difficulty of the tremendous task amazes.

Miss Ackerman bore the banner of the W. C. T. U. in all her travels, and much of her labor was carried on under the auspices of the good templars. To Alaska, the Sandwich Islands, New Zealand, Tasmania, Australia, Japan, North and South China, the Philippines, Siam, Malay, through India and the Transvaal she has gone, wearing the knot of snowy ribbon. She has organized societies, held Gospel and temperance meetings and sounded the tocsin of advancement in Christian and heathen lands. Through the frozen zones of Iceland, as well as the cities of Palestine and Egypt, she has gone, carrying her message and braving perils of disease and climate few women could have borne up under.

Miss Ackerman confesses that her most startling experience was gained in making a header for the bottom of the ocean. It happened that the sturdy traveler stopped at the great pearling grounds between Australia and Java, where a fleet of pearling ships and an army of divers are always stationed. Upon expressing a desire to see the ocean bed at this point, Miss Ackerman was locked up in a diver's suit and started. It chanced that enough air had not been exhausted from the suit, so, instead of gracefully sinking feet first, the amateur diver found herself reversed and correspondingly uncomfortable. Miss Ackerman had the presence of mind to pull the signal cord, and was raised to the surface again. The air was pumped out and the descent made in regulation style. Miss Ackerman was the first woman to go to the bottom of this part of the ocean in a diving suit.


MISS JESSIE ACKERMAN.
(World's Organizer for the Woman's Christian Temperance Union.)

Almost at the close of her second trip Miss Ackerman broke down in Africa, and returned to America to build up again. While still in the hospital she wrote her book, "The World Through a Woman's Eyes." This book has gone through two editions, and is said to be highly interesting as well as instructive.

Miss Ackerman was a resident of California when she began her public work for the W. C. T. U. by a trip of observation to Alaska. During her stay in Australia she was made president of the W. C. T. U. for the federated Australian provinces. She is a convincing and eloquent talker. Her commanding height gives her an unusually striking platform presence, while her native ability affords her remarkable power as a speaker. Miss Ackerman is en route to China, where she hopes to repair the damage done the cause in the war with the Boxers.

She Tested the Report.

The Oskaloosa (Kan.) Independent recently reported a former citizen, Dr. W. H. Ridgeway, as dead at Topeka, whereupon the dead man wrote and said: "I went home and told my wife I was dead, and produced the copy of your paper as proof. While she is a good woman, and all that, she thinks your paper lied. And she showed the courage of her convictions by making me carry in a lot of coal and water. So, Mr. Editor, I may say that I am not dead, but I am mad."

The Hundred Year Club.

New York's latest organization is a Hundred Year club, composed of two or three scores of people who hold that the secret of longevity is self-confidence, and that without this quality life in general is unsatisfactory. Experiments with various kinds of food are a part of the club work.

War Against Prairie Dogs.

Secretary Wilson is preparing to drive the prairie dogs from the grazing lands of Nebraska and Colorado, where they are doing vast damage to the grass. It is expected that the valiant little animals will put up a stiff fight for their homes.

MISS GEORGIA CAYVAN.

Well-Known Actress Now in New York Hospital and Not Expected to Recover.

Georgia Cayvan, well known to theater-goers as one of the most popular of American actresses a decade or more ago, is in a private hospital in New York. She is suffering from nervous prostration and her physicians say there is little prospect for her restoration to health.

Her collapse is mental as well as physical and only her most intimate friends are permitted to see her.

The cause of her illness is believed to be her failure to recover completely from an operation performed five years ago. She was compelled after that to retire from the stage for a year. When she resumed her professional work the long tours from one end of the country to the other exhausted her strength.

MISS GEORGIA CAYVAN.
(Popular Actress Reported a Physical and Mental Wreck.)

The last bulletin from the sanitarium at Flushing, where Miss Cayvan is being treated, announces that there is little hope for her recovery.

Since she was a member of the Lyceum Theater company Miss Cayvan has lived at 231 West One Hundred and Twenty-second street, New York. It was there she was taken so ill last summer as to make it necessary for her sister to take up her residence with her. She had previously lived in the house with Miss Cayvan, but had more recently returned to her home in Dorchester, Mass.

Miss Cayvan improved somewhat in health after her sister came to live with her, but the change was only temporary. She is now compelled to live in such seclusion that her intimate friends are kept from her room. She has grown thin. At times she rallies from her melancholy, but these spells of improvement are only temporary.

Miss Cayvan retired from the stage three years ago after an unsatisfactory supply of plays had prevented her from meeting with success.

ABLE BOER GENERAL.

Christian De Wet Is Keeping the British Force in South Africa Busy Just Now.

Gen. Christian De Wet, who was in command of the Boer troops to whom 400 British soldiers have surrendered at Dewetsdorp, is a military creation of the present war in South Africa. He was not heard of in the earlier operations, but during the past six months has been the leading figure of the war on the Boer side. De Wet's forces have been reported "broken up" repeatedly, and he himself has been "run to death" a score of times, but he has always reappeared apparently as strong as ever. His retreat across the Vaal was highly praised by British generals as a masterpiece of military work. As a retreater De Wet is said to be a marvel, but until now he has not proved himself a strong or resourceful commander.

GEN. CHRISTIAN DE WET.
(Boer Commander Who Is Keeping the British Army Busy.)

Hairpins at Confirmation.

The bishop of Liverpool has requested girls who are candidates for confirmation not to wear hairpins, as they prick his hands in the act of laying on of hands. When Dr. Creighton, the bishop of London, was recently asked how he solved a similar problem, he replied: "I confirm all the boys personally and transfer those young porcupines to my suffragan, who is an old varsity oarsman, with the castiron hands of a blacksmith."

Getting Married Made Easy.

A furniture dealer in Providence, R. I., offers to provide the minister, marriage feast and wedding trip to young couples patronizing him for household goods.

American Iron for Germany.

The North German Lloyd Steamship company has ordered more than 1,000 tons of structural iron in the United States for its workshops and foundry as against Westphalian competition.

SUN WARDS IN HOSPITALS.

They Are Very Largely Instrumental in Curing Many Patients of Disease.

The theory that sunlight exerts a powerfully healing influence upon disease processes has now become so well established that the sunroom is regarded as a necessity in a well-appointed hospital. In the plans of new hospitals that aspire to be up to date the solarium finds a prominent place, and to keep up with the advances of medical science many of the old hospitals are attaching solaria to their buildings, says the Trained Nurse.

The sun ward is easily built. It must be, of course, on the south side of the building, having its eastern, southern and western walls largely constructed of glass. A good plan is to build a large bay window, with metal frame work, and, if the hospital building is to be three or four stories high, this bay window may extend to the full height of the main structure. With this arrangement each floor will have the advantages of a sun ward.

The means of ventilation should be perfect and the heating arrangements adequate, for the sun bath is just as practicable and useful on bright, wintry days as on sunny days of summer. If the outlook from the windows of the solarium is pleasant, if the landscape is diversified with hills, trees, green lawns or fields or a lake or a bit of the ocean, so much the better. Unfortunately for some institutions, the south view from the hospital is limited by walls of brick and stone. Nothing, however, can deteriorate the direct rays of the sun, so that, wherever possible, this exceedingly useful and very cheap commodity should be utilized for therapeutic effects.

THEY HAVE HARD SERVICE.

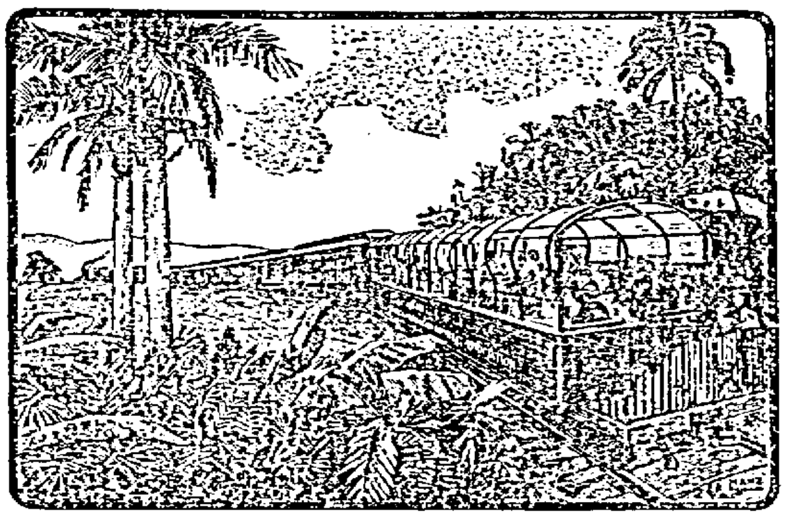
Soldiers in the French Foreign Legion Have Anything But an Easy Time.

The French foreign legion, which is again the subject of Parisian political gossip, offers about the hardest military service in the world, and no one who knows enters it until he has exhausted all other means of support or wishes to bury himself, says a London paper. Men of all nations are in its ranks, many of them hard characters, criminals and jailbirds, and it is always sent by France to do the dirty work which that country naturally does not choose to impose upon its own children.

Thus it has held the frontiers of the African colonies, where every now and then a post is cut to bits by a wild Arab tribe. The fever-infested portions of Cambodia and Indo-China, which Lodi has described, have also been the scene of its exploits. The discipline, too, is most severe. Flogging is a daily occurrence and capital punishment is the result of the most trivial offenses. Thus the cases of insanity in the legion are of a much larger number than in any other branch of the French service. A physician who has been studying the insanity of the legionaries says that a majority of the cases are well developed when the men enlist, since few sane men would ever accept the conditions know to exist in this corps. He adds that in his opinion many men shot for breaches of discipline were not mentally responsible, and he says that the same trouble may cause the insubordination among the French troops with the allies in China.

AN OBSERVATION CAR.

The Open-Top Chililitli—The Newest Thing in Railway Car Architecture—Its Origin.



The very newest thing in railway car architecture is a passenger car for steam roads, built very much on the lines of the summer trolley car, except that this car can open up the top as well as the sides. The car, an illustration of which is herewith shown, was built by the Pullman Company for The American Tourist Association of Chicago, and was intended as an observation car in the great canyons of mountainous Mexico. The car was invented by Beau Campbell, the Mexican traveler, and came about as follows:

Some years ago, when Mr. Campbell was traveling through the great Tamasopo Canyon, he had a seat on the side of the car next to the mountain, the rocks of the cliff were within two feet of the window, and of course he could get not even a glimpse of the canyon, as all the windows on the other side of the car were taken up by the occupants of the adjoining seats. Determined to view the magnificence of the canyon, Mr. Campbell returned to Las Canoas, and through the courtesy of railway officials made the world famous ride on board what the superintendent called his "trolley", an open car with seats for eight persons, and with this ride came the idea that the only way the magnificence of Mexico's mountains could be enjoyed to the fullest extent would be from a car without sides or top.

The following season a coal, or gondola car, with board seats, was attached to The American Tourist Association train, and every traveler on that train climbed into it. Afterwards the Mexican Government prohibited the carrying of passengers in freight cars, and the coal car had to go. Then the building of a passenger car without a top was decided on, and the Chililitli came in evolution from a work car to the coal car, and to the consummation of itself.

The Chililitli became famous, and from an observation car went on duty as a pavilion by the sea, and a roof garden, for it is electric lighted, and has an outfit of Chinese lanterns. But the favorite is also remembered as a dining car of the tropics, attached to a special train, that, during meal hours, could stand still or run just fast enough to secure a breeze, and not raise a dust.

The Chililitli is the largest observation or dining car ever built. There are seats (reversible as in a coach) for 68 people and when the tables are in place 56 persons may sit down to dinner.

UNIQUE SUIT FOR DAMAGES.

Water Company Asked to Pay Because It Could Not Extinguish a Fire.

A lawsuit, unique in the jurisprudence of the state of California, is now on trial at Ukiah. The city of Ukiah, says a San Francisco exchange, has sued the local waterworks company for a loss of $570.75 by reason of a fire which could not be extinguished because there was no water in the hydrants. The waterworks system of the place consists of a pumping plant on the bank of the Russian river, by which the water is raised to a reservoir on the side of the mountain, from which it is distributed by natural pressure. Fire hydrants are located at all the prominent corners.

On the night of the fire in question the agent of the water company had shut off the water in order to stop the practice of irrigating private lawns in the night time. By reason of this a man had to run a half mile to the reservoir to turn on the water. The delay was fatal, as the block in which the fire originated was almost completely destroyed. Then the city made a demand upon the company for the loss sustained by the city property. The demand was refused on the ground that the water company is not an insurer against fire. The prosecution holds, however, that under the terms of its franchise the water company is bound to maintain at all times a sufficient pressure of water for all purposes, of course including the extinguishment of conflagrations. Should the city win the case all the other losers by the same fire will have a cause of action.

Visiting Kin.

Visiting kin are divided into two classes: those who sit in the parlor and are waited upon, and those who are expected to go out to the kitchen and help.—Atchison Globe.

Visionary.

The apple of the eye is rather visionary fruit.—Chicago Daily News.

DEAD TO HER FAMILY.

High-Caste Hindoo Girl Who Was Ostracised Because She Became a Christian.

A young Hindoo girl, a convert to Methodism, has been on a visit to Boston during the past few weeks. Her name is Sooboonagam Ammal, which is shortened to Sooboo for purposes of friendly conversation, says an eastern contemporary.

Sooboo is particularly interesting from the fact that she belongs to a high-caste family—a caste deemed superior in India to ordinary mortal association. The girl heard the mission preachers at first with contempt, but she ended by running away from her aristocratic home to the mission and said she had become a Christian. In leaving her gods behind her she left also her jewels.

First the angry and desperate father came to the mission and threatened to put Sooboo's new friends in jail for kidnaping. The girl was produced and elected to stay where she was. The father went away uttering the final word, "Outcast!" which is a sentence of "death."

But soon the broken-hearted mother, who never goes forth and whose visit to the mission was contamination, came and pleaded with Sooboo to return to the home of those who had reared her and had loved her. The girl declared her love for her mother, but refused to go back. Then came funeral services, as of one dead. The mother, called "accursed" because of her visit to the mission, could not be present, but walked 1,000 miles to the river Ganges and held mourning service there. Then she came home and walled up the door of Sooboo's room.

Coloring of the Eskimo Baby.

An Eskimo baby is born fair, except for a dark round spot on the small of the back, varying in size from a three-penny bit to a shilling. From this center head of color the dark tint gradually spreads till the toddling Eskimo is as beautifully and as completely and as highly colored as a well-smoked meerschaum pipe. The same thing happens among the Japanese.—Albany Argus.

WISCONSIN STATE NEWS.

Gets Gold Medals.

The state of Wisconsin was honored at the Paris exposition with two gold medals. State Commissioner of Labor and Industrial Statistics Halford Erickson has received an official notice that he has been awarded a gold medal for the excellence of the exhibit sent to the exposition by his bureau. The other gold medal was awarded to the state board of control for the excellence of the exhibit sent by the state institutions under the management of the board.

Boy Robs Aged Man.

Earl Mosher, a boy 17 years old, assaulted and robbed Carl Grover, aged 72, near Galesville, leaving the old man for dead, but he will probably recover. The boy rode with Grover in his wagon a short distance, when he hit the farmer several times with a stone, fracturing his skull, and then threw him out and beat his head into a jelly and robbed him of about $25. The boy was arrested and confessed.

Death in a Fire.

The Roth house was burned to the ground in Oconto and Edward Kimball, a boarder, met death in the flames. Several other guests escaped a similar fate by jumping out of the windows in their night clothes. The hotel was owned by Gregor Roth. The total loss will reach $10,000. The hotel was managed by Muerecke Bros. This makes the third hotel that has been burned on this site.

Cost Him Over $5,000.

It cost Robert M. La Follette over $5,000 to be elected governor of Wisconsin. The governor-elect filed a statement of his election expenses for both the nomination and election contests, covering the time from May 16, when the announcement of his candidacy was made, to November 6, election day. The principal items are for printing and postage, almost $1,200 being spent for postage stamps.

Sentenced for Life.

Henry Chosa, an Indian, has been sentenced to life imprisonment in the Stillwater (Minn.) penitentiary by Judge Bunn in the United States district court in Madison. Chosa killed Chief Niganigijig on the Lac de Flambeau reservation last September, and he was tried and found guilty several days ago.

Bank Doors Closed.

Because of withdrawals of deposits which have amounted to about $20,000 the Bank of Brillion, at the village of that name, closed its doors. The assets are estimated at $12,000 and the liabilities at $13,000, and Cashier Neal says creditors will be paid almost in full.

Acquitted.

The jury in the case of Dr. Chauncey E. Richards, charged with shooting at a Chinaman with intent to commit murder, brought in a verdict of not guilty at Fond du Lac. Richards claimed that the Chinaman hit him with a club on the head and that caused the discharge of the revolver.

The News Condensed.

The Soo line depot at Bruce was burned with all its contents, the loss being $2,000.

The Peshtigo national bank has been organized with a capital of $25,000. William Ellis, Jr., is president, and A. G. Fowler cashier.

Rural free delivery has been established at Stoughton, Dane county. The service will embrace an area of 22 square miles with a population of 819.

The combined jewelry and stationery stores of J. J. Hanscom & Co. and H. S. Hurlburt & Co. were burglarized at Mineral Point and goods worth about $200 were taken.

Articles of incorporation have been filed at Madison for a lawyers' home for the care of indigent, homeless and aged lawyers and their wives.

The Roth hotel was burned at Oconto. With the exception of Edward Kimball, who lost his life through suffocation, the guests escaped.

Residents of the northern part of Chippewa county are making a big effort to have the county divided. Several meetings have been held and resolutions favoring division adopted.

Vernon county offers a bounty of 50 cents for every dead rattlesnake brought to any town chairman. Frequent injury to persons and stock induced this action.

Mrs. James A. Campbell, of Chicago, fell from a Northwestern train between Ripon and Dartford, sustaining injuries from which she died.

The Revere hotel was burned in Oshkosh, with a loss of 30 per cent. on building and 50 per cent. on contents.

The Sterling bicycle plant in Kenosha has been sold by the American Bicycle company to Thomas B. Jeffery, of Chicago, for $65,000.

Sheriff Tufts, of Neillsville, took to Waupun James Lowe, sentenced to eight years' imprisonment in the penitentiary for the attempted murder of his wife.

The annual meeting of the Sauk County Horticultural society was held in Baraboo December 11.

Upon the motion of Senator Spooner, Attorney General Hicks, of Wisconsin, has been admitted to practice before the supreme court of the United States.

Mrs. Henry Weyenberg, aged 42, who was buried at Little Chute, was the mother of 15 children, 13 of whom are now living.

Henry W. Reese, of Dodgeville, has been appointed district attorney for Iowa county, to succeed L. W. Pollard, resigned.

Gov. Scofield has appointed J. J. Fruit, of La Crosse, judge of the Sixth judicial district, to succeed the late Judge Wyman.

FIRED ON BY BOXERS.

British Detachment Is Attacked by Chinese Armed with Modern Guns.

Peking, Dec. 17.—Col. Tullock, commanding a British detachment of the allied armies here, returned to the city Saturday after what proved to be the most important and hard-fought battle which has taken place since the march on Peking. The colonel, who was returning from a punitive expedition into the hills, was set upon by a large army of Chinese about eight miles from the city.

In a manner quite unusual the enemy was possessed of modern guns and used smokeless powder. For this reason the British troops were severely handicapped, owing to the fact that they had left the city with only light ordnance and in no way equipped for a severe struggle with men who had modern arms and every facility of attack. He camped for the night at a place called Kao-Li-Ying, 13 miles from here, and in so doing met with a slight opposition.

In this skirmish several prisoners were taken, and these told the British officer that a large force of Boxers was massed near by and that he would be attacked upon the morrow. A messenger was sent into the city for reenforcements and a force under Lieut. McPherson, of the Twenty-sixth Beloochistan regiment, went to his assistance.

Immediately after the arrival of the Indian troops Col. Tullock attacked the town of Del-Hai-Ying, where the Boxers were encamped early in the morning, entering the place by the use of scaling ladders. In the attack Lieut. McPherson distinguished himself. He led the scaling party which reached the town, jumped down into the place and emptied his revolver, killing five men. He then drew his sword and defended himself until his men arrived in force and saved him from impending death.

Col. Tullock speaks highly of the lieutenant's action. He says he believes he did a deed which merits the Victoria cross in his jump to what was apparently certain death. Forty Boxers were killed, a number were wounded and many were captured and brought to Peking. Owing to the killing of the informer no treasure was obtained.

Tullock says the people of Peking do not realize the contempt in which they are held in the country districts. He adds that one of the wounded Chinamen said while dying: "You can kill me, but you cannot kill the Boxer movement, which will exist until every foreign devil in China is killed."

The French report the approach on the Chinese imperial city of 10,000 men, Pao-ting-fu, their garrison, 15 miles west, being attacked by the advance guard. They have appealed to Li Hung Chang and demand that he prevent the march of these troops, owing to the peace negotiations.

DISASTER AT SEA.

German Training Ship Founders Near Malaga—Fully 100 Are Drowned.

Madrid, Dec. 17.—The German training frigate Gneisenau has foundered off Malaga, 65 miles east-northeast of Gibraltar. Private dispatches say that 40 persons were drowned.

A large number of the cadets can be seen from the shore clinging to the rigging. They are shouting and signaling for help. The captain and many of the cadets have been drowned. It is believed that 40 who left in one of the ship's boats and have not been seen since are also lost. The total loss is now thought to be no less than 100; some dispatches say 140. Forty of those saved are badly hurt.

Well-Known Attorney Dies.

New York, Dec. 17.—Charles C. Beaman, of the law firm of Evarts, Choate & Beaman, is dead at his residence in this city. He died suddenly of heart disease, and had been ill for only three days. Mr. Beaman was born in Houlton, Me., in 1840. When a young man he was private secretary to Charles Sumner, and in 1874 married the daughter of William M. Evarts. Mr. Beaman was consulting attorney to many corporations, a director in some and was general counsel of the Wisconsin Central railroad.

Death of Mrs. Brice.

New York, Dec. 17.—Mrs. Catherine Olivia Brice, widow of the late Senator Calvin S. Brice, died Saturday afternoon at her residence on Fifth avenue of Bright's disease. Mrs. Brice's death occurred on the second anniversary of the death of her husband, and shortly before she died she had repeatedly alluded to this. She expressed her wish, since her disease was incurable, that she should die on the same day.

Big Cargo of Mail.

New York, Dec. 17.—The Cunard line steamer Lucania, which sailed Saturday, carried 2,013 sacks of mail matter, including 23,242 registered letters and packages. This is said to be the largest amount of mail matter ever carried across the Atlantic on one steamer.

Money Lost on Paris Fair.

Paris, Dec. 17.—The official report of the finances of the exposition shows a loss of 2,000,000 francs. The total expenditures are 116,500,000 francs. The receipts amounted to 114,500,000 francs. The loss is less than in the case of either of the preceeding expositions.

More Bodies Recovered.

Dunkirk, N. Y., Dec. 17.—Bodies of five victims of the normal school fire were recovered Sunday, making six that have been taken from the ruins. Those found Sunday were charred beyond recognition, as was the one previously recovered.

RHINELANDER'S POPULATION NEAR 5000 MARK

The population of Rhinelander is 4,998, according to the report of the census bureau, made public last Saturday. This is an increase of 2,340 since 1890. The report gives the population of the cities in Wisconsin of less than 25,000 and more than 2,000 inhabitants. The cities in the northern part of the state, especially the Wisconsin valley, show by far the largest gains. The drift of humanity to Wisconsin must naturally come to the northern part of the state, where the greatest inducements are held open and during the next ten years we may look for far greater migration and development of our resources. It is gratifying to those who have interests in this section of the state to draw a comparison as to the increase in our population with that of the southern part of the state. In the count of noses, our sister city of Antigo outdoes us a little, the census returns gives them a population of 5,145, 721 more than that of Rhinelander. We put them to shame on the increase, however. The increase in Antigo's population over that of 1890 is only 174, where ours has almost doubled.

In almost every instance, the residents of the different cities are somewhat disappointed. Even in Rhinelander the wind was taken out of a few of our citizens, who were quite confident that our population would reach the 6,000 mark. We have no reason to feel in the least disappointed; but on the contrary have reason to congratulate ourselves, especially after a comparison is made of the increase in the different cities. Rhinelander shows up with the best of them.

The census figures for 1890 and 1900 in detail are as follows:

Antigo	5,145	4,424
Appleton	15,085	11,869
Ashland	13,074	9,956
Baraboo	5,751	4,605
Beaver Dam	5,128	4,222
Beloit	10,436	6,315
Burlington	2,526	2,043
Chippewa Falls	8,094	8,670
Columbus	2,349	1,977
Delavan	2,244	2,038
De Pere	4,038	3,625
Eau Claire	17,517	17,415
Edgerton	2,192	1,253
Fond du Lac	15,110	12,024
Fort Atkinson	3,043	2,583
Grand Rapids	4,493	1,702
Green Bay	18,684	9,069
Hudson	3,259	2,885
Janesville	13,185	10,836
Jefferson	2,584	2,287
Kaukauna	5,115	4,667
Kenosha	11,606	6,532
Lake Geneva	2,585	2,297
Lancaster	2,403	1,513
La Crosse	28,895	25,090
Madison	19,164	13,426
Manitowoc	11,786	7,710
Marinette	16,195	11,523
Marshfield	5,240	3,450
Menasha	5,589	4,581
Menomonie	5,655	5,491
Merrill	8,537	6,809
Milwaukee	285,315	204,468
Mineral Point	2,991	2,694
Monroe	3,927	3,768
Neenah	5,954	5,083
Neillsville	2,104	1,936
New London	2,742	2,050
Oconomowoc	2,880	2,789
Oconto	5,646	5,219
Oshkosh	28,284	22,836
Platteville	3,340	2,740
Plymouth	2,257	1,503
Portage	5,459	5,143
Port Washington	3,010	1,659
Prairie du Chien	3,232	3,131
Racine	29,102	21,014
Reedsburg	2,225	1,737
Rhinelander	4,998	2,658
Rice Lake	3,002	2,130
Richland Center	2,321	1,819
Ripon	3,831	3,358
River Falls	2,008	1,783
Sheboygan	22,962	16,359
Sparta	3,555	2,795
Stanley	2,357	——
Stevens Point	9,524	7,896
Stoughton	3,431	2,470
Sturgeon Bay	3,372	2,195
Superior	31,091	11,983
Tomah	2,840	2,199
Tomahawk	2,291	1,816
Two Rivers	3,784	2,870
Washburn	5,065	3,039
Watertown	8,437	8,755
Waupaca	2,912	2,127
Waupun	2,185	2,757
Waukesha	7,419	6,321
Wauwatosa	2,842	——
Wausau	12,354	9,253
West Bend	2,119	1,296
Whitewater	3,405	4,359
South Milwaukee	3,392	——

Lay Sermon.

You can't pay rent and retail politics.
James T. Fields.

Politics and politicians are the subjects for perpetual sneers. To such an extent has this been carried that the word politician has become almost the synonym of scoundrel. Of course this is excessive, and an abuse of the term. It is defined as the science of government. But it has been warped from its true signification by personal greed and ambition. Politics has its Machiavellis who have done their worst to make it infamous.

It is often said that his Satanic Majesty is not so black as he has been painted. I wonder if the same is true of politics. If we accept the strictures of the kid gloved gentry and the sublimated newspapers no artist could overdraw the reality. But the hypercritical generally ignore the inherent defects of human nature, and seem to expect that everything earthly should at once be reconstructed after a heavenly pattern. While that is "a consummation devoutly to be wished," they who promise us a millennium in the near future are like those "who keep the word of promise to our ear and break it to our hope." Reformation, like every other movement, must reckon with the elements as they are.

It must be conceded, however, that there are features in politics that make it repulsive to people of refinement. There is no steadfastness in politics. A word or a wink will destroy its friendships. A slight balance in the scale of interest will change its principles. It is too often a refuge for the rascal and the dead beat. Under its convenient cover a coward may reach out and safely knife his enemy and a constitutional thief may steal with impunity. Even honest men do not always escape its contamination. Association begets assimilation. It is surprising how much pitch will stick to a good man before he is even conscious of its proximity. Sometimes even men square in private business can see no harm in fleecing a municipality or betraying a constituency. There is a class of men with dual consciences, one side they permit the Lord and the public to inspect, the other is strictly private.

One tendency in politics is to develop the mercenary side of human nature. The treasury is transformed into a fish pond. The business becomes a game of grab. Every man who wants an office is subject to a levy, and every man who don't want or can't get an office feels at liberty to recklessly cast in his net. If "public office is a public trust" it is so for the benefit of the trustee and his satellites. The test of office getting is too often the ability to get it regardless of the means employed. The effect is that good men, if they seek or consent to accept office, must resort, in greater or less degree, to the questionable methods employed by professional politicians. That this is demoralizing is unquestionable. Under existing conditions few men can remain long in politics and retain the silver gloss of character. Their power of resistance must be phenomenal if they come out as good as they went in. Some do of course. But for the many, if their keen sighted constituents should make a minute examination, they would find the armor of virtue corroded and pierced in many places.

I will not assert that serious demoralization is the rule; but if not, the difference between rule and exception is hardly perceptible. In any event the tendency of modern politics is to blunt that keen sense of personal, financial and political honor which should characterize every man who stands in a representative capacity.

It is easier to assert these things than to answer the question why? Nevertheless, the reasons lie near the surface. One reason is that, after officers are chosen and qualified, you, the great and good public do not give them sufficient oversight. Of course you have to trust your servant. You leave a little to his policy, much to policy, much to his judgment, all to his conscience. You do not, on the principle of political predestination, tie his hands and feet, then bid him get up and walk. Yet results often show a dangerous excess of confidence. If private business were conducted on the same system that the people administer their official and political affairs bankruptcy would be universal. No successful business man neglects personal supervision. No matter what may be the character or capacity of his employees he keeps his eye upon them. So it should be between the great employer, the public, and its servants. Every man newly elected to office has the consciousness of personal accountability. He expects that the eyes of the people will be upon him. The utmost vigilance would not then be offensive to him. The exercise of ordinary business oversight on the peoples' part would keep the new fledged official on the alert and preserve his conscience in perpetual tenderness. But somehow he misses the overseer's eye. He finds himself without external restraint. Impunity relaxes self control and encourages adventure. The first thing you know the political tenderfoot, who but yesterday would have welcomed into his official sanctum every man who "wanted to know, you know," now resents such intervention as intrusion and insult. He nows asks only to be let alone. The result is an unfortunate metamorphosis, and the necessity, on the part of the deceived and outraged people, to bounce an unfaithful servant—if they can.

Another reason is that too often the reformer's methods are not practical. Moralizing has little effect on the hardened political offender. Denunciation is no more effectual. The veteran campaigner listens with quiet assent to your ethical propositions, receives with profound stoicism your rigorous invectives and—continues to pull the strings. If political reform ultimately fails, and this world becomes as wicked as pious prophets predict, the reason will be because reformers are too visionary. By whatever legion of names they call themselves, parties of moral reform will fail continously and disastrously unless they recognize and adopt practical and comprehensive political methods. No party ever succeeded by standing on a single plank. The great party whose holy crusade, culminating in a gigantic war, swept slavery from the Republic, did not content itself with moral abstractions, but recognized, and in its declarations of principles provided for, all national needs and questions with which statesmanship had to deal. How do you expect reform to succeed when its advocates divide themselves into political squads, each with its single pet theory, each fighting its battle alone, each imagining itself the center of a moral and political universe, and ignoring everything good in all other parties?

Another consideration that cannot escape observation is, that reformers are too often intolerant. They doubtless mean well, but they seem to forget that there is room in this wide world for at least two opinions. They do not appear to realize that policy can win without sacrifice of principle. While they cannot imagine that the free use of epithets will drive their opponents from the field, yet they display an astonishing facility in the use of opprobrious names. In this respect the speeches and resolutions of some of the late reforming conventions furnish interesting matter. Even some of the religious papers are not far from the front in the use of personalities which, anywhere outside of politics, would be a shock to every meek and lowly spirit. The great lesson for such people to learn is that personal abuse is no argument, but reacts against its authors. Men in official station must act within the lines of law, not from the dictates of sentiment, and the application to them of such epithets as traitor and nullifier shows only the weakness of those who apply them. It is the desire of every true heart that sometime morality shall be the controlling element in politics. Whether the time is ripe for that, there certainly is room for doubt. Someday political reform will assume tangible shape, and leaders will arise who combine principles of moral reform with political sagacity and sound common sense. When that combination is formed the better elements will unite, victory will be assured and the political millennium of America may be confidently expected. So mote it be.

INVESTS IN THE VALLEY

A. P. Lovejoy, of Janesville, Planning on Investing Some of His Idle Capital in Northern Wisconsin.

A. P. Lovejoy, one of the wealthiest men of Janesville, Wis., has been in the Wisconsin valley for the past week or two, looking over the field with a view of investing some of his idle capital in this section of the state. Mr. Lovejoy was present at the meeting of the Wisconsin Valley Advancement association at Tomahawk last Tuesday and was more than pleased with the outcome, which denoted a spirit of enterprise on the part of the influential men of the valley. The Janesville man is at the present time a stockholder in the Merrill Lumber company, besides being interested in other enterprises along the "Old Wisconse." Mr. Lovejoy has unbounded faith in northern Wisconsin, as is shown by the fact that he has invested hundreds of thousands of dollars here during the past few years. During the past two years alone, he has invested something like $200,000 in West Superior realty and is adding to his possessions right along. We are glad to note the fact that he is now turning his attention to the Wisconsin valley again for investment. He seems to be deeply interested in the Advancement association and expresses himself as believing that that organization will do wonders in the way of inducing the establishment of new industries in the valley and the settlement of farmers upon our vast area of undeveloped lands. We can assure Mr. Lovejoy that his confidence is not misplaced and that every dollar he invests here will bring him good returns. He has carefully looked over the field and is satisfied in his own mind that there are opportunities galore in the pine regions of northern Wisconsin for investment, and is fully determined to take advantage of them.

LATER:—Mr. Lovejoy was unable to remain over till the meeting of the association.

Always Grateful to Friends.

The New North is always grateful to its friends for local items that they may bring or send direct to the office, or send through the postoffice. If there is any public improvement you would like to see made, express your views in a short article. If there is a wrong done, which through a newspaper article might be corrected, then you are invited to bring in your article. We want original articles and not long newspaper clippings. If there is any property bought or sold, an improvement to be made in your neighborhood or a robbery or a theft committed, a severe accident or calamity that may have befallen your friend or neighbor, let the pencil pusher of The New North know about it. But anything that would in the least injure anybody's character or reputation finds no space in the columns of The New North. Don't go to the pains of writing any such items, for it will only be a waste of time. Any such manuscript will immediately find its way to the wastepaper basket.

Holiday Trade is Lively.

The merchants of Rhinelander were never better prepared to meet the needs of the public in the line of holiday goods, including fancy wares and articles of more substantial character, than they are this year. Their shelves fairly bulge with the latest and the best that the market affords, and the prices they are making will compare favorably with the best that can be obtained in the larger cities. An air of cheerful confidence seems to pervade the very atmosphere, as it has since the November election, and the prospects are good for a record-breaking trade.

The New North is proud to be the medium through which enterprising merchants choose to announce their bargains this week, and we take pleasure in calling these bargains to the special attention of our readers. Every advertiser in this paper can be trusted to do precisely as he advertises. It is to your interest to carefully read every advertisement in The New North from now until after the holidays.

To Give a Masquerade Ball.

The Foresters of Lake Camp, No. 1749, M. W. of A., of this city, are making great preparations for their masquerade ball to be given at the New Grand opera house, New Year's Eve, Dec. 31st. The members of this order have established a reputation in the amusement world and whatever they undertake they carry through successfully and the coming event will be no exception to the rule. Frederickson's orchestra has been engaged for the occasion. The price of admission has been placed at the reasonable figure of 75 cents.

Christmas Shopping Lively.

The holiday shopping is already taking on a lively air and the indications are that the trade this season will surpass that of any previous year. The early buyers in Rhinelander will have a wonderful variety to select from. The town was never so full of holiday goods as it is right now, and it is doubtful if there ever was a time when a given amount of money would buy so much of it. With Christmas cheer at so low a figure, it would seem as if everybody ought to be able to secure their full share.

The Kind of a Boy Wanted.

What kind of a boy does a business man want? was asked a merchant. He replied: "Well, I will tell you. In the first place, he wants a boy who don't know too much. Business men generally like to run their own business and prefer someone who will listen to their way, rather than teach them a new kind. Second, a prompt boy, one who understands 7 o'clock is not ten minutes past. Third, an industrious boy who is not afraid to put in extra work in case of need. Fourth, an honest boy—honest in service as well as matters of dollars and cents."

Patronize Home Merchants.

The big mail order houses are flooding Rhinelander with their catalogues of Christmas presents, but if the people will only take the trouble to compare goods and prices with home merchants who advertise in The New North, they will find they can do much better at home. Don't take our word for it; but at least test the matter by getting home prices first.

* * *

Sheriff Wismer left yesterday morning for Oshkosh, armed with a warrant for the arrest of John Walsh, a brother-in-law of Pat Sheely, the local agent for the Schlitz Brewing company. Walsh, who was a bar tender in the employ of Mr. Sheely at his Lake Julia saloon, is wanted on the charge of stealing $131 and a revolver. The theft occurred last Monday.

J. P. HANSEN & CO.
THE NEW STORE.
ALL NEW GOODS.
Special Bargains for the Christmas holiday.

Suits, Overcoats, Ties, Gloves and gifts for all, of the common sense kind—and all new and up to date.

The Prices are within your reach, one price to all and as low as any in the city. Bear in mind that the Goods are all new.

CHRISTOFFERSON BUILDING.
Brown Street. Rhinelander, Wis.

J. P. HANSEN & CO.,
Önskar alla Skandinaver En Lycklig Jul.

Vi har just fått vår butik färdig och vid uppköp at Julpressanter glöm intet bort, att vi har allt hvad som tillhör en välsorterad Klädeshandel såsom.

Shortor, Rossetter, Halsdukar, Hattar, Mössor, Hanskar, Hängslor, Fickdukar, och Skor.

Våra Kostymer och Över Rocker för Men och Gossar Cant be beat. Alla varor äro nya, och ett Pris för alla. Högacktningsfullt,
J. P. HANSEN & Co.
Butik Christofferson Byggnad

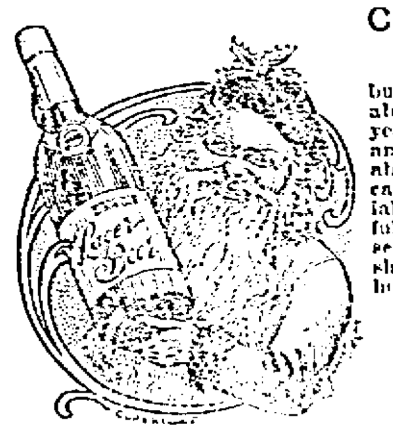
BOOKS AND CANDIES.

Call on us for goods in the above line. We have a nice stock to select from and the price is within your means. The stock is new and fresh and good to see.

ASHTON BUILDING,
Davenport Street, Rhinelander.
S. H. & W. H. ASHTON.

According to Rule
and true to fashions latest decree, that is how our
MADE-TO-ORDER CLOTHING
is built.
The cutting and making is done by skillful tailors and the workmanship is of the highest order.
We are showing a fine line of Winter Suits and Overcoats.
ZANDER, THE TAILOR.

D. HAMMEL, & CO
—Dealers in—
HORSES
Easy Terms
A. M. ROGERS, Resident Manager.
RHINELANDER, WIS



Christmas Comes But Once a Year,

but you can get Rhinelander beer, just about the best beer on earth, all the year 'round. Spring, Summer, Autumn and Winter—it's always refreshing, palatable, appetite-bringing, nourishing, because it's made from the purest materials, by the cleanest methods, by skillful brewers. Make Santa Claus your servitor and bring good cheer in the shape of Rhinelander beer into your home.

Rhinelander Brewing Co.
RHINELANDER, WIS.

BOOKS!
BOOKS!
BOOKS

Copyright and Standard Books for Holiday Gifts.

Gunther's and Lyons & Co.'s Box Candies.

Opp. P. O. C. D. BRONSON.

INNES BROS.
Practical Plumbing, Steam Fitting, Gas Lighting Heating.
Sewer and Water Pipe at reasonable prices
Outside Orders given Prompt Attention.
A Postal Card Order Will Receive Immediate Reply
28 Brown St. RHINELANDER, WIS.

BUY LOTS NOW.

I am instructed to make a general advance in prices of from 25 to 50 per cent. to take effect about may 30. Those who contemplate buying should take advantage of the present low prices.

Money to Loan on good security.

PAUL BROWNE

Held in High Esteem.

People who know consider our selections of staple and fancy groceries second to none. People who don't know us are more than welcome to look at our wares and into our methods. Groceries for Christmas receive our special attention, to the great delectation of Grandfather Santa Claus. Whisper. Get your orders in ahead of time—you'll fare no worse, better possibly.

Oranges. Oranges, we have them all sizes and prices.

The Corner Grocery
B. L. HORR, Prop.